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THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

The United States commission in Manila gave a grand ball Thursday night; many wealthy natives were present. —— Gen. Smith punished the natives of Negros island, for the murder of Capt. Tilley, of the United States Signal Corps, by burning the town where the murder occurred and killing a number of natives. —— A cabinet conference decides that there is no present necessity for enlistment of volunteers; additional regulars will be given Otis to make up the 30,000, taking them from Cuba and Porto Rico. —— Southern Republicans protest against dividing census appointments with Democrats. —— Governor Ellerbe, of South Carolina, died yesterday. —— The Hanna-Cox combination controlled the Ohio Republican convention; Geo. K. Nash, Hanna's favorite, was nominated for Governor, and Cox's favorite, John A. Caldwell, nominated for Lieutenant Governor; President McKinley's administration was unanimously endorsed. —— Grover C. Holley arrested in Jersey City, N. J., charged with swindling and forging on complaint of the sheriff of Elizabeth City, N. C. —— Wm. Jennings Bryan address the people of Louisville, Ky., on the political issues; he spoke to an immense audience. —— New York markets: Money on call steady at 1½@3 per cent., last loan being at 2½ per cent.; cotton steady, middling uplands 6¼c.; flour was active and fairly steady at old prices; wheat—spot steady; No. 2 red 81¾c.; corn—spot steady; No. 2, 40⅝c.; rosin quiet; spirits turpentine irregular at 41½@42c

WEATHER REPORT.

U S DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., June 2.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 72 degrees; 8 P. M., 69 degrees; maximum, 83 degrees; minimum, 66 degrees; mean, 74 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .87; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 1.44.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 6.4 feet.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Severe thunder storms and heavy rains occurred during the past 24 hours over the Carolinas and Georgia. Generally partly cloudy weather prevails this morning. The temperature changes have been slight.

The following heavy precipitation, in inches, was reported: Yemasee, S. C., 1.60; Blackville, S. C., 1.52; Wilmington, N. C., .94; Lumberton, N. C., .92.

FORECAST FOR TO DAY.

WASHINGTON, June 2.—For North Carolina: Partly cloudy weather Saturday and probably Sunday; variable winds.

Port Almanac—June 3.

Sun Rises	4.47 A. M.
Sun Sets	7.10 P. M.
Day's Length	14 H. 24 M.
High Water at Southpor	4.09 P. M.
High Water, Wilmington	7.39 P. M.

If "money makes the mare go," that $200,000,000 automobile combine ought to hum along.

Russia wants to borrow $15,000,000. She needs more money to help her reduce her armament.

Admiral Schley will not encounter any warships in his Western jaunt, but he may see some "prairie schooners."

The combines are reaching out even for the air. They have made a starter with a $200,000,000 compressed air trust.

At all events Gen. Shafter may manage to keep cool at his new post in Alaska, and continue to accumulate flesh if not glory.

The druggists of St. Louis show a disposition to encourage people to get sick. They offer cut rates on medicine, with a glass of soda thrown in gratis.

Real estate in Chicago has a downword tendency. One of the Professors there declares that the city is gradually sinking below the lake level, and in time will be submerged.

The drummers of this country as a general thing hoop-la-ed for the Republican party in the last campaign. Now about 75,000 of them are out of jobs, thrown out by the trusts which the policy of that party has created.

Cincinnati has an ex-millionaire who donated so liberally to charitable and benevolent institutions that he forgot to set aside enough to provide for himself and is now in a fair way of becoming an inmate of one of his befriended institutions.

Some of the automobiles used in France are stunners. A Paris dispatch says a pedestrian walking along a country road was so badly shocked by the rapidity with which one of them scooted by him that he died from the effects of it. This is shocking.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. T. C. Tuttle, of Durham, is registered at The Orton.

— Mr. E. T. Pullen, of Rocky Point, is in the city on business.

— Mr. D. J. Justice, of Florence, spent several hours here yesterday.

— Mr. J. M. Lee, of South Washington, was a Wilmington visitor yesterday.

— Mr. J. F. Parker, of Stanley Co., was here yesterday, visiting friends.

— Mr. J. M. Houston, of Chinquepin, is in the city, conferring with lumber dealers.

— Prof. C. M. McIntosh, principal of the school at Autreyville, was here yesterday visiting relatives.

— Mr. Ike Bear, of the firm of Morris Bear & Bros., has returned from a business trip to New York.

— The STAR was glad to have a call yesterday from Mr. A. W. Melvin, a substantial farmer of Cedar Creek.

— Mrs. L. B. Pennington returned yesterday evening from Rocky Mount, where she has been visiting Mrs. Snyder.

— Mr. J. J. Crosswell, of Fayetteville, route agent of the Southern Express Company, was among yesterday's visitors to the city.

— Miss Edna Flowers, a popular young lady who has been visiting Miss Kate Sholar, returned yesterday to her home in Sumter, S. C.

— Mr. Julian Taylor, of Harrell's store returned home yesterday. He has been here for several days calling on the wholesale merchants.

— Mr. J. W. Jenkins, a popular travelling salesman, representing Messrs. P. H. Hanes & Co., of Winston, is spending several days in the city.

— Mr. T. O. Tuttle, of Durham, is one of the genial travelling men now at The Orton. He represents the manufacturers of the famous Key West cheroot.

— Miss Bessie Partrick, of Clinton, and Mrs. W. A. Brown and daughter, of Rocky Point, are the guests of Miss Annie J. Huggins, No. 705 Dock street.

— Miss Alice Borden was expected home from Greensboro Normal Industrial School last night accompanied by Mrs. Borden. However, they stopped at Goldsboro and will arrive here today.

— The Rev. F. D. Thomas, brother of Rev. John Stanly Thomas, was here yesterday—returning from Newbern, en route to Elberton, Ga., where he is pastor of the Presbyterian church.

— Miss Mary Bachelor Jewett arrived in the city last night from Brooklyn. She is the guest of the Misses West and comes especially to attend the Willard-West marriage to be celebrated next Wednesday at St. James' Church.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Clyde Line—Sailing days.
King Grocery Co.—Try one.
Mercer & Evans—Healthy feet.
C. W. Yates & Co.—Half-holiday.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

J. H. Newbury—Pointers for sale.

LOCAL DOTS.

—J. H. Newbury, Magnolia, N. C., has some pointers for sale.

— Rev. R. S. Bumpass, presiding elder, will preach at Fifth Street M. E. Church to-morrow at 11 A. M.

— Messrs. C. W. Yates & Co. announce in the advertising columns a half-holiday for their employes.

— There was a decline of ten cents per barrel yesterday on crude turpentine, the prices being $1.25 for hard, $2.10 for dip and $2.00 for virgin. There was also a decline in price on day before yesteday.

— Special services will be conducted at St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church daily at 10 A. M. and 8.15 P. M. by Revs. Wm. Black and A. K. Pool, evangelists. All are invited to attend.

— Mr. Howard Caldwell, secretary of the Y. M. C. A., was taken sick yesterday and is confined to his room. In his absence yesterday afternoon Messrs. Archie Bulluck and Neill McLaurin were in charge.

— In the early part of the thunder storm of Thursday afternoon a tree on the west side of Sixth street, between Market and Dock, was struck by lightning. The clap of thunder was very sharp and people in the neighborhood were badly frightened.

— Greensboro *Telegram:* "Greensboro lost one of her brightest and most popular young men to-day when Jule Reitzel, one of the train dispatchers of the Atlantic and Yadkin, left for Wilmington, where he has accepted a similar position with the Atlantic Coast Line.

Before Justice McGowan.

Abe Singletary, colored, was found guilty of disorderly conduct yesterday by Justice J. M. McGowan and let off upon the payment of costs.

Charlotte Pittman was charged with beating a 2-year old childleft in her care by the child's mother, who is sick at the City Hospital. It was proved defendant had been authorized by the mother of the child to punish it whenever punishment was necessary. The defendant was found not guilty.

CHARMING OPERETTA GIVEN LAST NIGHT.

The Sunbeam Club of Miss Mamie Alderman's Select School at the Opera House.

People have come to look on the annual appearance of the Sunbeam Club of Miss Mamie Alderman's Select School as one of the most enjoyable events of the year. They were not disappointed last night when the operetta "Edith's Dream" was presented by a group of young people with a degree of skill and ability that would have done credit to older persons. The crowd at the Opera House was not as large as it would have been if the weather had been more favorable. But it was far from being a small audience, and it was thoroughly appreciative, both of the efforts of the young pupils and of the long and patient training which must have been necessary to the complete success of the performance.

The opening scene showed Edith, charmingly impersonated by Beck Love Johnson seated on a sofa studying her multiplication table. An invisible chorus took up the tedious figures and converted them into a lullaby which in a few minutes caused the tired pupil to bury her head in the sofa pillow and fall asleep. Here she dreamed, and what she saw was most interesting, no less to the audience than to her. She saw the spirits of her neglected studies marching and countermarching, each bearing a shield on which was transcribed the name of the branch of learning he or she impersonated. Then she heard them decide to try her for neglecting them and choose Calvin Blackwell—History—to be the judge. The witnesses were called. Then, in her behalf, were some little visitors from fairy land who completely captivated the audience. Through them Edith saw herself introduced to the neglected studies which to her surprise she found pleasant and agreeable. The judge pronounced the trial satisfactorily closed, the fairies retired after participating in a dance and Edith awoke to find out that it was "all a dream."

The cast of characters was as follows:

Edith, Beck Love Johnson; Good Mother, Ray Sneed; Cinderella, Katie Foard; Alice in Wonderland, Mary Fve Carpenter, Mother Goose, Bessie Richards; Sinbad the Sailor, Walter Benson; Mary Quite Contrary, Louise Fricks; Bo Peep, Sallie Carney; Prince, Wm. Von Glahn; Little Red Riding Hood, Laura Carpenter; Chinaman, Merrill Blair; Fairies, Lucile Kingsbury, Lilla May Bisset; Cupid, Florence Wright Northrop, Little Boy Blue, John Lorrens Wright; Jack Horner, Herbert Chadwick.

Spirits of the neglected studies:

Calvin Blackwell, History; Robert Reeves, Reading; Maud Tyer, Geometry; Mildred Davis, Arithmetic; Lucy Baldwin, Writing; Lillian Johnson, Alphabet; Anna Parsley, Music; Morris Carpenter, Typewriting; Lawrence VonGlahn, Spelling; Everett Willson, U. S. History; Neppie Borden, Algebra; Emma Northrop, Geography; May Bell Sneed, Grammar; Hester Biggs, Latin; Ella Jacobs, Calisthenics; Sam Heide, Shorthand.

Between the first and second acts of the play Harry West came before the curtain and made the salutatory address, stating that the proceeds from the sale of tickets would go towards the purchase of a library for the Odd Fellows' Orphan Home at Goldsboro.

At the close of the second act Merrill Blair delivered the valedictory in an interesting way.

Miss Kate Alderman was pianist of the evening.

The following scholars were named on the programme as having been regular and punctual in attendance throughout the year: Ray Sneed, Lawrence VonGlahn, Willie VonGlahn, Calvin Blackwell, Lucy Baldwin, Lilla May Bisset.

Excelsior medals for '99 were awarded to Lucy Baldwin, Lawrence VonGlahn, Willie VonGlahn, Anna Grant, Eleanor Gilchrist.

Lawrence VonGlahn, who made the highest average for the year, won the high mark of '99.

Spelling prizes were won by Lawrence VonGlahn, Anna Grant, Eleanor Gilchrist and Merrill Blair.

Beck Love Johnson took the honors for the best deportment, while the prize for the greatest improvement in penmanship was awarded to Laura Carpenter.

Synod Evangelist.

Rev. Wm, Black, who is to begin a series of meetings in St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church to-morrow, is well-known and greatly beloved in Wilmington. He is known to many as the popular Captain of the Maxton Guards. To many more he is better known as the General Evangelist of the Presbyterian Synod of our State. As such he is very successful. He comes to Wilmington from recent meetings in the mountains. At Lenoir there were seventy confessions.

Rev. A. K. Pool comes especially as a singer. He is the helper of Rev. Mr. Black in many ways, and is well-known here, having been with Mr. Gales in the meetings with St. Andrew's Church a year ago.

Low Water in Black River.

The steamer *E. A. Hawes*, Capt. Black, did not arrive yesterday morning as usual. Mr. James Madden, the agent, thinks that the delay is due to the low water in Black River. The greatest inconvenience from low water is experienced later in the Summer, but Mr. Madden is in receipt of a letter from Col. W. S. Cook, of Fayetteville, general manager of the Cape Fear River Transportation Company, saying there is an immediate prospect of trouble from this source.

ANNUAL FROLIC BY HANOVER SEASIDE CLUB.

Was Held Yesterday and Last Night. Every One Delighted With the Entertainment Provided.

Hanover Seaside Club (Carolina Beach), the youngest but nevertheless one of the most prosperous of the several pleasure clubs which add so much to the popularity of Wilmington's two matchless seaside resorts, held their annual frolic, inaugurating the festivities of the 1899 season, yesterday and last night, and the event was marked by very gratifying success.

The usual courtesy of open doors to the clubmen of Sedgeley Hall, Carolina and Atlantic Clubs was extended, and quite a number of the members of those clubs shared the pleasures of the occasion.

The three excursion trips previously announced for the *Wilmington* were run on schedule time, leaving the city at 9.15 A. M. and 3 and 7 P. M. The band went down on the 3 o'clock boat and dancing was one of the chief sources of amusement during the remainder of the afternoon and evening. Billiards was also a popular pastime for the gentlemen during the day and the ten-pin alley also afforded very much enjoyment for quite a number of devotees to this popular sport. Much the largest crowd went down to the club house on the 7 o'clock boat, and from the time they reached the club until the whistle blew for the return of the last boat there was a merry round of dances in the dance hall. The quadrille and the german were the most popular figures and every one seemed to enjoy the evening greatly.

The incessant rain interfered very much with the festivities during the day, but the weather cleared beautifully during the evening, so that there was nothing to mar the pleasure of the clubmen and their guests.

The committee and officers of the club were untiring in their efforts to make the frolic a success and that they succeeded admirably is the verdict of every attendant. Ice cream, cake and other refreshments were served in abundance.

HOME FROM SCHOOL.

School Girls from St. Mary's—Boys from Chapel Hill and Horner's.

An unusually large number of people were attracted to the Front street depot yesterday afternoon, one of the principal attractions being the homecoming of a number of Wilmington's fair representatives from St. Mary's School, Raleigh. They arrived on the train due here at 5.50, but which was belated, so that it did not arrive until 6.15 o'clock. The young ladies who came from St. Mary's School were: Miss Carrie Wright, Miss Louise Bunting, Miss Annita DeRosset, Miss Mary Nash, Miss Julia Parsley, Miss Alice Smallbones, Miss Beulah Armstrong and Miss Addie Gaylord.

It will be remembered that Miss Smallbones just graduated from St. Mary's with high honors, being the prophet of the class.

A number of boys also arrived from school on the same train. Among them were Messrs. Jas. F. Post, Jr., Jr., Marsden Bellamy, Jr., and Milton Elliott from Chapel Hill, and Albert Wessell and Louis Davis from Horner's.

A COMING MARRIAGE.

Mr. E. P. Willard to Wed Miss Mary Love West Next Wednesday.

Invitations were issued yesterday for the marriage of Miss Mary Love West to Mr. Edward Payson Willard, the ceremony to be performed in St. James' Episcopal Church on next Wednesday afternoon. The invitations read as follows:

Mr. and Mrs. Harry P. West
request the honor of your presence
at the marriage of their daughter,
Mary Love,
to
Mr. Edward Payson Willard,
on Wednesday afternoon,
June seventh,
eighteen hundred and ninety-nine,
at six o'clock,
St. James' Church,
Wilmington, N. C.

Sabbath Afternoon Service.

The third of the series of addresses before the Young Men's Christian Association will be given Sunday afternoon at 5.30 o'clock in the auditorium. The subject will be "Cross Bearing." The preceding talks have proven very interesting and profitable, and they have attracted large crowds. Arrangements are being made for special music. A quartette of the best musical talent in the city will participate.

Off for His Vacation.

Mr. John J. Blair, the efficient superintendent of Wilmington's splendid public school system, will leave this morning for his summer vacation. He will spend a few weeks at his old home near High Point, and later in the summer he will attend the famous summer school at Martha's Vineyard, the vacation mecca of many of the foremost educators of the United States.

Clinton Graded School.

Rev. Dr. Calvin S. Blackwell left yesterday for Clinton, where, on last night, he was to deliver the address to the graduating class of the Clinton Graded School. The graduates are Misses Lena Graham Herring, Annie Laurie Partrick, Lucy Thompson, Katie Beaman, Louise Chesnutt, Zora Culbreth, Langdon C. Hubbard, Jr., John Ferrell.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT AT THE STATE HOSPITAL.

Bowling Alley Blown Down, Killing One Person and Injuring Twelve Others.

A special to the Charlotte *Observer*, dated June 1, has the following about a distressing accident at the State Hospital:

"A working party of thirty-four patients in the front grounds of the State Hospital here to-day, ran under the bowling alley to escape a rain. The wind blew the building down, killing outright one patient and injured twelve others, more or less seriously.

"The following is the list of casualties: Sawyer, killed; Slater, Vanover, Farley, Krider and Burde, seriously injured; Burnett, McPeters, Greenlee, Green, Staley, Dickson and Houston, injured to an unknown extent, as at this time the injured have not been carefully examined. Everything possible is being done for the injured. The friends of the patients will be kept informed of their condition as best we can.

"LATER—Examination shows the following injuries: Farley, both legs broken in the collapse, condition serious; Slater, internal injuries, unknown extent, will probably die; Krider, injured in hip; Burde, broken thigh; Green, dislocated hip; McPheeters, arm broken; Dickson, both legs broken—compound fractures. All the others appear to have slight injuries, though further examination may show more extended hurts. The medical staff is well nigh exhausted by ceaseless labor; the surgeons are doing heroic service, as indeed all are, including the better class of patients. The situation is complicated by the quarantine. Additional surgical help is expected to morrow from the numbers of doctors at Asheville, attending the meeting of the Medical Society.

DR. P. L. MURPHY,
Superintendent.

HIS PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN.

A Captured Murderer is Photographed. His Picture, Weight and Height Sent to Florence.

James Creech, the negro who was held in jail as stated in the STAR yesterday until evidence of his theft of a pair of shoes could be gotten, has a graver charge against him—that of committing murder in Florence, S. C., The news printed in the STAR was that given out by the lieutenant of police who was under the impression that the fact of the negro's being suspected of murder was to be withheld from the press.

Creech's photograph was made yesterday morning by direction of Chief of Police E. G. Parmele. It was sent to Florence together with figures showing the prisoner's height and weight.

Creech claims never to have been in South Carolina, but there are those who say they have seen him there. The authorities at Florence offer a liberal reward for him if he turns out to be the right man.

PROFITS OF COTTON MILLS.

Big Earnings of the Mills in South Carolina—The Banks Congested With Dividend Money.

Persons who have capital to invest may read with profit the following from the Columbia *State*:

"A Greenville dispatch says that in the past year Piedmont cotton mill has earned $200,000, Pelzer $285,000, Clifton $270,000 and Pacolet $230,000, a total of nearly $1,000,000 profits for four mills. The earnings of the big mills around Spartanburg are said to have ranged from 20 to 25 per cent. on the capital stock. The banks there are congested with dividend money. Small wonder that the Piedmont section prospers when it gets such returns from its factories. All our mills are making money, but if those in that quarter are making more money than others it is because their managers are older hands at the business and from practice more expert.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—1 bale cotton.

W., C. & A. Railroad—6 bales cotton, 26 casks spirits turpentine, 39 barrels rosin, 12 barrels tar, 15 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—39 casks spirits turpentine, 69 barrels rosin, 20 barrels tar.

W. & N. Railroad—2 casks spirits turpentine, 14 barrels rosin, 12 barrels crude turpentine.

C. C. Railroad—24 casks spirits turpentine, 113 barrels rosin.

Steamer A. P. Hurt—50 casks spirits turpentine, 123 barrels rosin, 107 barrels tar.

Southerland's Flat—6 casks spirits turpentine, 1 barrel rosin.

Total—Cotton, 7 bales; spirits turpentine, 147 casks; rosin, 359 barrels; tar, 139 barrels; crude turpentine, 27 barrels.

Wilmington Seacoast Railroad.

While it is true, as the STAR said yesterday, that the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad does not come under the Jim Crow car law, the management has nevertheless decided to put on the divided cars. Of course it is entirely discretionary with the road, but regard for the wishes of a great majority of its patrons has led its management to provide separate accommodations for white and colored people similar to those on the roads to which the law applies. These accommodations were made available on June 1st when the law went into effect

On account of Commencement Exercises A. and M. College, Raleigh, N. C., June 3rd to 7th, the Seaboard Air Line offers round trip tickets to Raleigh, N. C., at $5.30 for the round trip.

PROPOSED PEANUT TRUST.

The Option Has Expired, But the Promoters Are Seeking Extension to June 15th.

[*Special to Baltimore Sun.*]

NORFOLK, VA., June 1.—The options upon the peanut cleaning plants in Virginia secured by Charles E. W. Smith, of New York, who seeks to form a trust, expired to day. Mr. Smith has, however, asked for another extension to June 15. The promoter states that he will be able to close the deal if given the extension, and although the cleaners generally are granting his request they appear indifferent as to whether or not the combination is formed. This is due to the fact that because of the active demand and advancing market the business has been this season very profitable.

The market, while not quotably higher, perhaps, is very strong, and it is stated that fancy farmers' stock will bring 3¾ cents a pound in this market Some cleaners have to-day again advanced their prices, and it is probable that farmers' stock will advance in sympathy when this becomes known in the country Well informed dealers say that only five or six thousand bags of Virginia farmers' goods are held here by commission merchants, and comparatively high prices recently prevailing have drained the country districts of stock. The takings of the trade are large and in some quarters much higher prices are expected. When the country is prosperous, the consumption of nuts, dealers say, is large, and peanuts have gone out from here in a stream for some months. The new crop is five months away and some operators say that there is not three months' supply in sight.

LIST OF LETTERS.

Remaining Uncalled For in the Wilmington Postoffice May 24th, 1899.

WOMEN'S LIST.

Janie Anderson, Fannie Bennett, Dosha Bryan, Lucy Brown, Leaner Burton, Lula Bradley Brown, Mary Coloes, Florence Edwards, Hattie Evans, Cora Henry, Ellen Henry, Fannie Highsmith, Mary Hall, Mary Jones, Lillie Lander, Mary Layne, Becia Marie, Annie McKay, Kitty McCley, Francis Webster, 2, Maggie E. Walker, Sallie Walker.

MEN'S LIST.

E U Alexander, A A Blow, Daniel Brown, C W Beahon, Lorezer Bell, Philip Benson, Starling Bullock, Ben Dixon, Nat N Dens, James Edwards, A B Famber, Steve Farrier, Preston Green, J F Jirels, L Lewis, C G Logan, C G Medlin, J J Moore, John Martin, J W Martin, John McShields, Wm Patridge, George Pollock, Enoch Robinson, L Robaski, Henry Scott, James Sterritte, Lt S S Stringfield, Alex S Troy, W M Robinson, P P Shepard, Signore Salvatore, J K Vaughn, H W Webb & Son, J R Wright, C E Young.

RETURNED FROM DEAD LETTER OFFICE.

Chas P Don.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised. If not called for in fifteen days they will be sent to the dead letter office.

WM. H. CHADBOURN,
Postmaster.

APPOINTMENTS.

By the Bishop of East Carolina.

June 4, Sunday, 1st after Trinity, M.P., Christ Church, Elizabeth City.
June 4, Sunday, 1st after Trinity, E. P., S. John's, Weeksville.
June 6, E. P., S. Philip's, Elizabeth City.
June 6, Tuesday, S. John's, South Mills.
June 7, Wednesday, E. P., Holy Trinity, Hertford.
June 8, Thursday, Good Shepherd, Winfall.
June 11, Sunday, S. Barnabas, M.P., S. Pauls', Edenton.
June 11, Sunday, S. Barnabas, E.P., S. John's Evangelist, Edenton.
June 13, Avoca.
June 18, Sunday, 3rd after Trinity, M. P., S. James', Haslin.
June 18, Sunday, 3rd after Trinity, E. P., S. Augustine's, Pantego.
June 19, Monday, M. P., consecration of the church, Yeatesville.
June 19, Monday, E. P., S. Thomas, Bath.
June 20, Tuesday, Long Acre.
June 21, Wednesday, ordination, S. Thomas', Bath.
June 25, Sunday, fourth after Trinity, M. P., S. John's, Durham's Creek.
June 25, Sunday, fourth after Trinity, E. P., Chapel of the Cross, Aurora.
June 26, Monday, Com., Chapel of the Cross, Aurora.
June 28, Wednesday, M. P., S. John's, Wakelyville.
June 29, Thursday, E. P., Statesville.
June 30, Friday, Swan Quarter.
July 2, Sunday, fifth after Trinity, M. P., S. George's, Hyde county.
July 3, Monday, E. P., Fairfield.
July 6, Thursday, E. P., Belhaven.
July 9, Sunday, sixth after Trinity, M. P., S. Luke's, Washington county.
July 9, Sunday, sixth after Trinity, E. P., Advent, Roper.
July 12, Wednesday, M. P., S. Andrew's, Columbia.
July 14, Friday, consecration of church, Creswell.
July 16, Sunday, 7th after Trinity, M. P., S. Ionds, Scuppernong.

Confederate Veterans.

Pursuant to the call of Commander J. I. Metts, Cape Fear Camp, No. 254, United Confederate Veterans, met last night at 8.30 o'clock at the armory of the Wilmington Light Infantry. Mr. E. S. Martin, chairman of the committee to consider the feasibility of the Camp's endeavoring to raise a fund for the burial of needy soldiers, read the report of the committee, but it was decided best not to give it to the press at present. No other business of importance was transacted.

Weather in May.

The mean temperature of the past month, in Wilmington, as shown by the Monthly Meteorogical Summary issued from the Weather Bureau station here, was 70 degrees; highest 92 degrees, on the 18th; lowest 50 degrees, on the 25th. The total rainfall was 4.12 inches. The average precipitation for this month for 28 years is 4.00 inches. The number of clear days, was 14, partly clear, 31.

Church Notices.

First Presbyterian Church, Rev. Peyton H. Hoge, D. D., pastor. Divine service at 11.00 A. M. and 8.00 P. M. Prayer meeting on Thursdays at 8.15 P. M. Seats free.

First Baptist Church, corner of Market and Fifth streets, Dr. Calvin S. Blackwell pastor; 11 A. M., "A phase of the Spirit's work." At 8.15 P. M., "The triumphs of trifles."

Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday School at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets, Rev. F. H. Farrington, Pastor. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Weekly Prayer meeting Wednesday night at 7.30.

Regular religious services at Seamen's Bethel will be conducted to-morrow afternoon at 3 o'clock by Rev. R. F. Bumpass, the Presiding Elder of this district. Seamen and rivermen are especially invited. All are welcome.

Fifth Street M. E. Church, South, Rev. J. H. Hall, pastor. Services at 11 A. M. and 8.15 P. M. every Sunday. Sunday School at 3.30 P. M. Prayer meeting at 8.15 P. M. Wednesdays. Services to-morrow at 11 A. M. by Rev. R. S. Bumpass, Presiding Elder.

Immanuel Presbyterian Church, Rev. P. C. Morton, Pastor. Preaching every Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 3.30 p. m. Christian Endeavor Society every Wednesday night. Sewing School Tuesday and Saturday at 3.30 to 4.00 p. m.

The Advent Church, Sixth street, between Castle and Church. Preaching by the pastor, Rider E. Ficke, at 11 A. M. and 7.45 P. M. Sunday School at 3 P. M., followed by a meeting of the Temperance Loyal League. Prayer meeting Tuesday nights at 7.45.

Brooklyn Baptist Church, corner Fourth and Brunswick streets. Rev. J. J. Parseur pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sunday School at 3.30 P. M. Weekly prayer and praise meeting Wednesday at 8 P. M. Strangers and visitors are cordialy invited to all services.

Bladen Street Methodist E. Church, southwest corner of Bladen and Fifth streets, Rev. B. R. Culbreth, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 o'clock a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 9.30 a. m. Weekly Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7.30 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend these services.

Grace M. E. Church, corner of Grace and Fourth streets. Pastor, Rev. A. P. Tyer. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Epworth League prayer meeting each Sunday 7 p. m. Sunday School, J. H. Davis, supt., 3.30 p. m. Weekly prayer meeting Wednesday at 8 p. m. A cordial welcome to all. Visitors to the city especially invited. Seats free.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, corner Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. Alex. D. McClure, pastor. Sabbath services: Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8.15 P. M. Sabbath School at 4 P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday, 8.15 P. M. Special services will be conducted in this church by Rev. Wm. Black and Rev. A. K. Pool, evangelists. Services each day at 10 A. M. and 8.15 P. M. All are invited to these services.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

D. O'CONNOR.
Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT.
Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved ma 10 tf

HALF HOLIDAY.
We will close OUR STORE EVERY SATURDAY At one o'clock UNTIL SEPTEMBER FIRST.
C. W. YATES & CO.
je 3 tf

"They fit the feet as nature intended."

Healthy Feet
—mean happiness, comfort, and peace of mind.
Corns, bunions or foot aches can not exist where the anatomically correct and hygienically constructed
"JENNESS MILLER" SHOES for Women
are worn. These Shoes are designed to fit the feet as nature intended. They are as balm to tender feet, and they preserve the graceful lines of healthy feet.
Every pair of "Jenness Miller" Shoes is stamped with the autograph signature of "Mrs. Jenness Miller" and none are genuine without it.
Only to be had of us in this city.
Shoes $3.50 Pr.
MERCER & EVANS,
115 Princess street.
je 3 2t ma 1st th

TRY ONE
of our "Butter Thin," Graham Wafer," or "Banquet Wafer." These are the celebrated Mason goods in one pound packages, attractive outside as well as tempting inside. Our price is only 15c per package. We have a full line of Cakes and Crackers and our prices are right.
Our stock of Pickles and Canned Goods ought to appeal to the excursionist. We sell six cans of Armour's Potted Ham and Tongue for 25c.
THE KING GROCERY CO.,
B. F. KING, MANAGER,
'Phone 397. Fourth Street Bridge.
je 3 1f

The Murchison National Bank.
Capital $200,000.
Our Business Keeps on Growing,
But We are Prepared for All That Comes.
WILL SERVE YOU
Promptly, Accurately, Safely.
We buy and sell Foreign Exchange, and furnish Letters of Credit available all over the world.
H. C. McQUEEN, President.
J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.
apr 29 tf

To Dealers Only.
We are Commission Merchants for the sale of Grain, Provisions, Lard, Flours, all shipped us direct from packers and millers. It therefore stands reasonable that we should save you at least one profit less than you could buy from others. As we are first handlers—no profits between us and the packer—a wide awake dealer knows that a small margin of profit brings them trade, and it is very necessary that he must know or get left in the race if he fails to do so, hence he buys his goods from the leading source of supply, and we have that reputation and opportunities have not been neglected, hence our success. We are not in the old "Rut." We sell no low quality goods but give best quality at prices lower than others can figure their cost. We ask the retailers to consider their own interest as our success enables us to give him still closer prices when largely patronized. So take an interest in us and let us promptly go forward to a grand success. Correspond with us.
VOLLERS & HASHAGAN,
my 14 tf Nutt St. A. C. L. Line Crossing.

S. P. McNAIR,
Wholesale Grocer
North Water Street.
OFFERS FOR SALE
FLOUR.
RIB SIDES.
D. S. PLATES
PURE LARD.
LARD COMPOUND
STAR LYE.
MENDELSON'S LYE
TOMSON'S LYE.
CRACKERS.
PIC-NIC CHEESE.
SUGAR.
COFFEE.
Rust Proof Oats.
September Mullets.
se 1 tf

Carolina Beach and Southport Schedule.
ON AND AFTER JUNE 1ST, BOAT LEAVES
For Carolina Beach,
9.15 A. M., 3 P. M. Train leaves Beach, 1 P. M., 6 P. M.
Leaves Sunday, 10 A. M and 2.30 P. M.
Leaves Beach, 12.30 and 6 P. M.
For Southport,
boat leaves 9.15 and 10.15 A. M., and 3 P. M.
Leaves Southport, 6.30 A. M., 12 M., 2.30 P. M.
Freight for Southport received only on 9.15 boat.
J. W. HARPER, Manager.
my 30 tf

WILMINGTON SEACOAST R. R.
ON AND AFTER JUNE 1ST, 1899,
the Schedule of the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will be as follows:
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Ocean View.
6.30 A. M.	7.30 A. M.
10.10 A. M.	11.30 A. M.
2.30 P. M.	3.45 P. M.
5.00 P. M.	6.00 P. M.
7.15 P. M.	10.00 P. M.
SUNDAY.	
10.10 A. M.	11.30 A. M.
2.30 P. M.	6.00 P. M.

Every Friday night, on account of Club dances, the 7.15 P. M. train will leave the beach at 11.00 P. M. instead of 10.00.
Freight will be carried only on the 10.10 A. M. and 5.00 P. M. trains, except fresh meats, ice and vegetables, which will be taken on the 6.30 trains. No goods will be received unless accompanied by way bills and freight prepaid. No exceptions will be made to these rules.
my 31 tf R. OSCAR GRANT, Supt.

At The Unlucky Corner
Springfield Hams
Cheaper than anywhere in the State
Why do you buy that doubtful
BUTTER
When you can get my Fox River Clover Hill brand for
25c?
"Nuff Said."
S. W. SANDERS.
BARGAINS! "THERE ARE OTHERS."
my 13 tf

N. F. PARKER,
Furniture and Furniture Novelties,
No. 17 South Front Street.
SPRING CLEANING—My guarantee that your Hair and Moss is PICKED, not simply shook up and put back, and that YOUR Hair and Moss is not "kept" and worthless stuff substituted is something for you to consider BEFORE giving your work to Tom, Dick and Harry
In addition to regular business hours open Mondays and Thursdays till 8.30 P. M.
my 2 tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.000; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve month, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops Picnics, Society Meetings, Political meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless tney contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON. N. C

SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 3, 1899.

THIS MEANS A GAG.

We have a very high regard for General Wheeler as a soldier and a citizen, but when he appears as a teacher telling people what they should or should not do he subjects himself to criticism just as any other teacher would under similar circumstances. The General appeared as the orator of the day at the Decoration celebration in Boston last Tuesday, and took opportunity on that occasion to express his views on the duty of the citizen when the country becomes involved in war. It may have occurred to him that Boston being the headquarters of the anti-expansion League it would be a very good place to deliver some remarks on supporing the administration. Asserting that it is the duty of every citizen to support the administration after it has resolved upon a definite policy he said:

"Patriotic devotion can be exercised by volunteering to serve in the field, but it may also be most profitably exerted in encouraging confidence among our people at home. Certainly no good and only evil can come from words and acts which tell rival nations that even a portion of our people, however few, are not in full sympathy with our government, or what is worse, that any Americans actually do sympathize with our country's enemies. Such a course cannot fail to weaken confidence and embarrass the executive power. Those who insist that the power of the United States is so great that it must always triumph will admit that difficulties or obstacles created by some of our own people will have the effect of retarding, at least in some degree, the prompt and happy restoration to perfect and lasting peace.

"I am one of those who firmly believe that whatever is, is right, and I cannot doubt but when conditions are thrust upon a country by a course of events following a well-judged and righteous action on the part of the people and the government, the consequence could not be other than beneficial, not only to the people of our own country, but to the world at large.

"There is one sentiment which should be impresred on every heart—

"My country, may she always be right, but right or wrong, my country."

On general principles this is right; the Government is entitled to the support of the citizen, but if the Government is entitled to this so is the Government under obligations to the people who have a right to speak when the question of the loss of thousands of lives and millions of dollars is involved, and also a radical departure from long established policies and modes of procedure. It is not a pleasant alternative for the patriotic citizen to be subjected to either to support the Government in a policy which he believes to be a dangerous and an ruinous one, or to oppose that policy, for the patriotic citizen would much rather be in accord with his Government than against it if he could do so without doing violence to his judgment and conscience. He might show more true patriotism by opposing certain policies than by aiding to carry them out.

No government which expects the undivided support of the people should engage in double-dealing and resort to duplicity in dealing, with its own people or with others on friendly relations with it. There was no occasion for any remarks such as we are commenting upon when the war with Spain was in progress. The people were practically united as one on that; a person who was not in full accord with the Government in carrying on that war was rare to find, if one could be found. It was not until the war with Spain ceased and it became apparent that the Government was going to ignore the declarations on which that war was made that a difference of sentiment was discovered, and the Government found a divided instead of a united people. The Government, or, to speak more precisely, the administration knew when it was do ing that that it was dividing the American people and arraying a very considerable number, perhaps the majority, against it in its new and radical departure from its declared policy when the war with Spain was entered upon.

Every one who has kept up with the record of events since Congress passed that resolution declaring that conquest or the acquisition of territory was no part of the motive in going to war with Spain, the only motive being to restore peace, law and order in our neighboring island of Cuba, sees how that declaration was violated. It is silly to quibble over the non mention of the Philippines, for no one thought of these as anything more than a possible side issue during the war, our plan being to strike Spain in her possessions there to make her divide her strength instead of concentrating it on Cuba. That was a bit of war strategy, and in carrying it out the Filipinos, who had been struggling against Spanish oppression as the Cubans were, were encouraged to revolt, and they did and they zealously co-operated with the American fleet in making the war against Spain on that side effective.

Does anybody suppose that they did this to exchange masters and get an American master instead of a Spanish one? Here the game of duplicity began with the American people and with the Filipinos who co-operated with the Americans in crushing Spanish power upon the islands. Is it an evidence of a lack of loyalty or patriotism, then, for Americans who believe that their country should be bound by its pledges, and its good faith sustained by proving true to it it, to find fault with the policy which ignores all this, and puts this country, which achieved glory by freeing Cuba from the Spanish yoke, in the attitude of an unprincipled, unscrupulous, faith-breaking land-grabber which makes war on a people who stood loyally by it simply for the purpose of seizing and exercising dominion over the lands they own and claim the right to rule? Must the American people who do not approve of this speak with bated breath or go around muzzled and let such a policy be carried out without protest, or give it their active support knowing it to be wrong? If Gen. Wheeler be right then every one who does not approve of violation of faith and treachery must approve or go gagged and say nothing. But that is not American and it is not patriotic, especially when the whole question when simmered down means greed for empire, not for national happiness or true glory, but for mercenary gain.

DECORATION DAY FESTIVITIES.

Decoration Day was originally intended to be a day devoted to the memory of the soldiers who fell in the service of the Federal Government in the war between the States. For some time it was observed as such, but it has become more a day devoted to sports and festivities than to the commemoration of the dead, and the departed soldier seems to have been, as far as the public is concerned, almost relegated. The following, which we clip from the New York *Herald*, will give some idea of how the last Decoration Day was observed in the city of New York:

"Experts figure that within the metropolitan district more than half a million people yesterday gave themselves to the employment of outdoor sports.

"Not fewer than one hundred and seventy-five thousand wheelmen attended the the various bicycle racing meets or took excursions into the country. At least twenty-five thousand took part in or watched the yachting regattas. On the rivers were forty thousand or more. Nearly as many were on the golfing links, as players spectators.

"Field and track athletes were watched by forty thousand, while lovers of thoroughbreds and horses added another thirty thousand to the total. Minor attractions brought our forty thousand.

"Nearly fifty thousand attended the four games of league base ball in Greater New York, and a larger number saw the various amateur games in public parks and wherever open space could be found to lay out the diamond. Despite the growth of popularity of other outdoor amusements and the setbacks given it by those who should have its interests at heart, base ball seems to still hold its place as the national game."

This would apply more or less to every city in the North where Federal dead are buried, and the day is observed. There is a vast difference between the way that day is observed and Memorial Day in the South, for this has not degenerated into a day of games and festivities, but is observed with respectful consideration for its origin and with affectionate regard for the memory of the heroes who fell fighting for the Southland.

The Czar of Russia seems to have a pretty bad case of the blues. He is quoted as saying "I am sick and tired of life. What with its responsibilities, its hypocrisies, its festivals and its lies, I wish I were out of it," from which it may be inferred that playing Czar isn't as funny as some people may think. Feeling this way about it, it is somewhat remarkable that every time the Anarchists, &c., show a disposition to accommodate him, instead of appreciating their services a lot of them are snatched up and hustled off to lonely spots in Northern Siberia.

Congressman Hopkins, of Illinois, who is legging for Tom Reed's place as Speaker, announces that he is an expansionist. He would have to do a large amount of expanding before he could fill Tom's official brogans.

THEN AND NOW.

Six years ago, long before this country or anybody in it began to dream of expansion on the lines now being pursued, Henry Labouchere, editor of the London *Truth*, wrote and published the following on the United States, which we find in the Philadelphia *Ledger*:

"In many ways the United States have educated the world in politics, and I for one do not hesitate to say that their scheme of government is the best that has ever been established by a nation. But in nothing do we owe more to the Americans than for their having afforded us the great object lesson of a State pursuing the even current of its way without that meddling in the affairs of other States, which has been the bane of European Powers.

"Here we have a country, rich powerful, industrial and commercial, yet never troubling itself with what happens outside its frontiers, or annexing foreign lands on the plea of philanthropy, or on the ground that in centuries its area will be to small for its population, or in order to create markets for its goods. And what is the result? No one dreams of attacking the United States or picking a quarrel with them.

"The lesson to be learned is, that a State should rest satisfied wish promoting the well being of her own citizens, and leave it to other States to promote the well being of theirs. Can any one conceive the United States annexing jungles in the centre of Africa, on the wild expectation that the inhabitants of the jungles will be civilized, and then cover their nakedness with American cotton goods, and cook their food in American pots and pans?"

Here was an argument in advance against expansion, by one of the most brilliant editors in Europe, who was thus, without appearing to do so, drawing a contrast been the United States and his own country and giving his countrymen an object lesson on the value of attending to their own business and not meddling with the business of other people.

Every word he says in this is true, and six years ago, when it was published, at least ninety-nine out of every hundred of those who are now howling for expansion would have endorsed it as eminently correct. Little did the writer of that opinion or any one else then think that within six years this country would be found departing from her conservative levelheaded policy and tying herself to the tail of Great Britain, committing the very blunders that Labouchere congratulated it on avoiding and spending millions of dollars, and sacrificing thousands of lives to get dominion over some "semi-savages" with the expectation that they would "cover their nakedness with American cotton goods and cook their food in American pots and pans," and while doing this getting into a position to become tangled up with other nations which are pursuing their own selfish designs. And that's about the size of expansion as Henry Labouchere saw it then and as thousands upon thousands of rational patriotic Americans see now.

An American who got into jail in Havana by purchasing a watch from a jeweller and giving him in pay a check which was no good is still in jail, although when he gave the check he thought he had money enough in the bank to cash it. His preliminary trial showed this, and he also returned the watch; but he has to stay in jail, because the jeweller has died and cannot appear to withdraw the prosecution, and they don't know any way to reach him.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Judging by the way the gap was let down yesterday, we would say that so far as the offices are concerned, the present administration is in favor of the open door policy.—*Richmond Leader, Dem.*

—— Canada declares that she will not budge from her demand for a boundary line of Alaska that will give her a port on the Pacific, and our Government says she will not have it. Great Britain should give her bad child a spanking and make her behave herself.—*Atlanta Journal, Dem.*

—— The splendid record of the Oregon when she sailed from the North Pacific around the Horn and reached Cuban waters all ready for instant service, excited enthusiasm at the time, but very little attention is paid to the fact that her commander, Captain Clark, is still only Captain Clark, and has been recently relieved from service.—*Jacksonville, (Fla.) Times-Union and Citizen, Dem.*

—— The Window Glass Trust is a remorseless monopoly which despoils consumers and oppresses and starves its own laborers under favor of a high tariff. If the spoliatory protective duties on window glass should be repealed the Trust would collapse. But the Republican leaders, who are just now making a show of hostility to the Trusts, will not take one step to relieve the country from the grip of these monopolies by repealing the duties which foster them.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

QUARTERLY MEETINGS.

M. E. Church, South, Wilmington District.

Wilmington, Fifth Street, 11 A. M., June 4.
Wilmington, Market Street, night, June 4.
Magnolia, Providence, June 10-11.
Burgaw, Herring's Chapel, June 17-18.
Southport, (District Conference), June 21-25.
Brunswick, Shallotte, July 8-9
Waccamaw, Zion, July 15-16.
Whiteville, Fair Bluff, July 16.

R. F. BUMPASS,
Presiding Elder.

WE GIVE NO REWARDS, an offer of this kind is the meanest of deceptions. Our plan is to give every one a chance to try the merit of Ely's Cream Balm—the original Balm for the cure of Catarrh, Hay Fever and Cold in the Head, by mailing for 10 cents a trial size to test its curative powers. We mail the 50 cent size also and the druggist keeps it. Test it and you are sure to continue the treatment. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren street, New York. †

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Dunn *Union*: Mr. Hudson, an industrious citizen of Mingo township, Sampson county, died suddenly while at work in his field one day last week. He was about 76 years of age. A man at work with him went across the field and returned in a few minutes and found him dead.

— Chatham *Record*: A very severe hail storm fell in the southeastern part of Centre township Monday afternoon The hail was from the size of a hen's egg to a man's fist. Cotton, corn, wheat, oats and garden vegetables were damaged severely, and in one instance oak palings were split by the hail.

— Raleigh *News and Observer*: The ninety days allowed by the public printing act for getting out the laws expires on June 6th. There is a penalty of $50 a day to be paid by the public printer after that time till the laws and documents are delivered to the Secretary of State. The documents, Senate journals and part of the public laws have been delivered. The printers say they will have the private laws and House journal ready by the 6th.

— Wadesboro *Messenger Intelligence:* Mrs. Annie Allen, wife of Mr. Henry Allen, who lives in South Wadesboro, died suddenly last Thursday afternoon. Mrs. Allen had been somewhat unwell for a day or two with roscola, but had not taken her bed. Thursday afternoon a neighbor went to her house after kerosene oil. She was sitting in a chair at the time with her baby in her arms. She got up to get the oil and as she passed by the bed she stopped and put the baby on it, and just then she fell to the floor and died. It was at first thought she had only fainted, but when Dr. Battle, who had been instantly summoned, arrived he found that she was dead.

— Greenville *Reflector*: Tuesday night another colored man, Will May, was brought here and placed in jail, charged with being implicated in the Dongola murder and arson case. It seems that since the preliminary trial here two week ago, in which Elijah Joyner and Cephus Langley were held for trial, a colored detective has been in the Dongola section working quietly on the case. He gained the confidence of Will May, who is said to have made a confession as to the part he took in the crime. On this confession the detective undertook to capture May, but he broke and fled. Later May was arrested and Tuesday he was given a hearing before a magistrate and committed to jail.

— Concord *Standard*: During an electric storm here to day (Thursday) about 12.15 o'clock a very quick flash of lightning and a distinct clap of thunder was heard. This was the stroke which ended the life of John Pressly, a young negro man, who lives here and whose face is familiar amongst the colored boys. He was working for Mr. R. A. Brown, and was going home to his dinner. When the lightning struck him he was near Mr. Jas. F. Dayvault's barn, on one of the streets leading from West Corbin street to the part of town occupied by the colored people. No one saw him struck, but he was found in a few minutes afterwards. His hat was torn to pieces and also one of his shoes. His skin was in no way broken, except that there was a small cut in his lip, presumably caused by falling on the ground. There is no doubt but that he was killed instantly.

TWINKLINGS.

— Amy—"How did you come to marry your second husband?" Sallie—"My first one died."—*Life.*

— Green—"How did she strike you as a golf player?" Stickney—"It wasn't me she struck; it was the caddie."—*Yonkers Statesman.*

— William White—"Well, now, if we ally ourselves with England, is the alliance to be offensive?" Samuel Stubbe—"It would be ter me, b'gosh!"—*Puck.*

— "He seems to be an unnatural father. He never goes near the baby." "That's only because he is afraid he might learn how to take care of it."—*Brooklyn Life.*

— He—"Do you ever wonder why I love you so much, darling?" She—"Oh, no. You are not my only admirer. Between us I am a little stuck on myself."—*Boston Transcript.*

— There is a little expansionist living in the upper section of the city whose father is an officer in General Otis' army. She was recently taken out to dinner, and in reply to a query as to where her father was, replied: "Oh, he's away off there," pointing to the East, "fighting the Philistines!"—*Philadelphia North American.*

— "Well, I only hope," remarked Mrs. Brown, "that our new neighbors will be as satisfactory as our old ones." "Oh! they're 'way ahead of 'em ma!" exclaimed her young hopeful. "They've got ten children, and only three of 'em are girls, and the cook gives you tarts when you don't even tease for 'em."—*Harper's Bazaar.*

— The Right Material: "Mr. Blankson," said the lawyer, turning to the man who had been drawn as a juror, "this is a case in which—by the way, Mr. Blankson, have you ever been a witness before an investigating committee?" "Yes, sir." "We take him, your honor. He doesn't know anything about this case—or anything else."—*Life.*

Vicissitudes of the Road.

Frederick Bryton tells of a curious experience on the road while starring in "Forgiven." He was in a California town of perhaps 1,000 inhabitants.

"It was past 8 o'clock," said he, "and although the members of the orchestra were on hand they made no effort to strike up. My manager fumed and swore, and finally, not seeing the leader in his place, sent for the violinist, who asked, with great unconcern, what the trouble was.

"'Trouble!' said my manager, 'why don't you strike up? Where's your orchestra leader?'

"'He's gettin shaved,' replied the musician.

"'Well, why don't you play just the same? It's nearly 8:30. Where's the local manager?'

"'He be doin the shavin,' was the reply."—New York Mail and Express.

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW' SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retension of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C., corner Front and Market streets. †

KIDNAPED.

I was returning home one night after a visit to a friend. I had scarcely walked half a dozen squares when I noticed a cab drive hastily by me and stop suddenly a few yards ahead. Scarcely had the horse come to a standstill when two figures darted out of the vehicle and approached me with heavy strides. I hurried on, but had not gone a dozen steps when a detaining hand was laid on my shoulder, and, turning with a start, I felt myself suddenly gagged, and, unable to scream and too frightened to attempt resistance, the two men—tall, muscular fellows, with heavy black masks completely covering their faces—in less time than it takes to relate lifted me into the cab, then jumped in after me.

I felt myself being driven rapidly off, I know not whither. All the dreadful tales of murder and abduction which I had ever heard of or read about trooped through my dazed brain.

The blinds of the cab were down, making it impossible to see into the streets through which we passed. The moments seemed like hours. On, on, on! Would we never stop? Once or twice I tried to rise to my feet, thinking it might be possible to burst open the door and spring to the ground. I was held down with a grip of iron, while one of the men whispered:

"Be perfectly quiet or I'll kill you!"

At last we stopped. One of the men opened the door and vanished from sight in the inky blackness of night, while the other hastily passed his arm around my waist and clasped my hands with a vise-like grasp. Unable either to speak or move, I could only pray—pray harder than I had ever done before in my life.

The masked captor who had left us presently returned with a lamp. I was hustled out of the cab and led up a narrow alley into what appeared to be a woodyard. We crossed this arena, went up two flights of steps and across a passageway, finally stopping before a door, which was unlocked, while the cloth which covered my face was removed and I was thrust inside and the door locked and bolted again.

I found myself in a large, brilliantly lighted and handsomely furnished bedroom. Exhausted and wretched, I sank into an easy chair and tried to collect my thoughts.

One hour succeeded another, and still I sat waiting, wondering, trying to think that I would soon be missed at home and rescued. But even as thoughts of rescue flitted across my mind I knew how improbable was the chance of any one having seen me enter the cab, and even had my captors been noticed how impossible it must have been to any one to keep track of the cab in its long and crooked course.

I heard no sound—saw no one. Finally, toward morning, wornout nature asserted herself and I sank into a deep sleep.

When I awoke, it was broad day. The sun streamed in through the windows and played fitfully on the carpet. I watched it idly for a few seconds, as half waking people are apt to do. Then, suddenly noticing the strange room and my peculiar position in a chair, a remembrance of the terrible ordeal of the preceding night flashed across my mind, and I started up in alarm. I looked out of the window, but only saw an unfamiliar courtyard which furnished no clew to the part of the city my captors had carried me.

Soon the sound of footsteps outside the door arrested my attention. The bolt was drawn back, the key turned in the latch and the door opened. I saw a tall, gaunt woman of the middle class, seemingly about 50 years of age, dressed in shabby mourning, standing there. She carried in her hand a tray, containing hot coffee, rolls and fried chicken, which she set down upon the table, with the words:

"Eat this little bit of breakfast now, and you'll feel better."

I sprang toward her.

"Tell me," I cried, "why am I here? What will they do to me? Who"—

She cut me short by saying in a not unkindly voice:

"I am not able to help you or answer your questions. It may turn out all right."

Presently she carried away, almost untasted, the tray containing the breakfast. Later in the day she brought me some dinner and toward night a cup of tea.

The long hours passed by, and still no assistance arrived. I tried to read. On the table were several fresh magazines, but I could not fix my thoughts on any subject long enough to interest myself, and I finally gave up to my gloomy meditations.

It grew dark again at last and perhaps was about 8 o'clock when the sound of voices and heavy steps outside the door aroused me, and immediately afterward two men, my masked captors of the night before, entered the room and advanced toward me. They still wore masks.

In the glare of the gaslight I noticed that their clothes were new and of fashionable cut and their hands white and evidently unused to toil. My heart was in my mouth. I confronted them, resolved to defend myself to the last.

They gazed at me attentively, and one of them exclaimed, with a dreadful oath:

"It is not the right one!"

They conversed together for a few moments in a low voice, and one of them presently said politely:

"Please put on your hat and shawl and accompany us. It is all a mistake."

I did so, and we three proceeded down the stairway, across the courtyard and through the alley, again entering the cab, where I was treated less like a prisoner and with more ceremony than the night before. We drove rapidly along and in a short time stopped at the identical spot where I had been seized. The driver opened the cab door and politely handed me out of the vehicle, which, when it had landed me, drove off again, the two masked men remaining inside.

Ten minutes later I was at home and had scarcely stepped over the threshold of the door when I swooned away.

I afterward learned what a search had been made for me during those 24 hours when I was in captivity and how no trace whatever of my whereabouts had been found. From that day to this it has never been discovered who my masked captors were, and it will probably always remain a mystery. But this strange adventure, which is given almost word for word as it was related to the writer, really happened some years ago to a young lady in Chicago. —New York News.

Florida Ants.

There are more ants to the square mile in Florida than in any other country in the world. There are ants that will measure more than half an inch in length, and then there are ants so small that they can scarcely be seen to move with the unaided eye.

Close Call.

"Say, Pete, you have ridden that horse very near to death."

"Yaas, sah. I wan't moah 'an six foot from it when I beat dat motah caw to de cohnin off place."—Detroit Free Press.

A Lynx Routed by a Broad Brimmed Hat.

The value of a broad brimmed hat that flops in the wind was shown near Fort McPherson, Ga., according to The American Field. A cotton farmer named J. E. Gruber was crossing a shaky bridge over a swamp creek when a lynx came out from beneath it, spoiling for a fight. Gruber didn't have so much as a four inch Kentucky toothpick with him, and consequently felt lonesome. The lynx made for the man with a yell. Gruber was game, though. He grabbed the big black hat from his head and shook it at the beast.

The beast stopped. Gruber was not slow to take advantage of the beast's doubt and gave his hat an extra flop and wave that made the lynx draw back. Gruber whooped at that and did some extra flings with the hat. The yell, the hat and Gruber's gyrations put the beast on the defensive, and it backed away as if afraid it was about to be seized. When the lynx was out of sight, Gruber, with his hat in one hand and a stick picked up for defense in the other, made his way to the nearest house.

Queer.

"It looks kinder queer, Malindy," said the new millionaire to his wife after the guest had departed, "that the count wouldn't take his coat off at dinner like the rest of us, don't it?"

"Maybe he didn't have no shirt," suggested the lady. "I've seen fellers fixed up thataway in the shows."—Indianapolis Journal.

DUTCH WEDDING AN ORDEAL.

Other Curious Customs of This Interesting Country.

A Dutch wedding is a portentous business. Smart Holland does its devotions in barnlike French Protestant churches. The wedding service is mournful in a degree and lasts two hours. The bridegroom in full evening dress and the bride in orthodox white satin sit upon chairs in front of the black robed minister. He delivers an extempore address fairly bristling with personalities. Meanwhile relatives sob in pews, until finally every one who can prove the remotest connection with the bride kisses her.

Next follows a tremendous breakfast in French style. It is "de rigueur" for all the friends of the bride to send her in the morning a bouquet or basket of white flowers plentifully ribboned. With numbers of these a very gay effect is produced, though the Dutch are lamentably behind the times in table decorations and posy making. With the advent of the "hors d'œuvre" come speeches. The bride's brother or other delegate first rings a small hand bell. Then amid a silence broken by the cheerful clicking of knives and forks a health is proposed. Then comes a quaint postscript to this very ordinary ceremonial. Ladies and gentlemen must alike rise from their seats and, solemnly filing up to the person toasted, touch his glass with their own. After a score of speeches the thing gets monotonous, but it is carried out to the bitter end. Any person omitted would feel aggrieved. In Holland it is the family before everything. A leading barrister was recently compelled to throw up an important case in order to attend the birthday party of an aged father who lived three hours distant by rail.

The Dutch are excellent husbands, but quite preposterously jealous. An Englishman who found himself in a party consisting almost entirely of assorted couples ventured to pay a few compliments and mild attentions to a charming young married woman. He even had the assurance to include her in a general offering of roses made to the company. The husband was furious. He canceled a previously given dinner invitation, and there were awful rumors that, though duels are now very rare, he desired to challenge the offender, who wisely placed the sea between himself and his would be opponent.

Babies have a comfortable time enough in Holland, where the cramping swaddling pillow is replaced by English layettes. It is, however, expensive to know too many, for every woman who visits or is visited by nurse and infant for the first time must give the former at least 5 shillings.

Mourning is very long and very strict. Even the poorest leave off their gold cap pins and headpieces for more than a year after the death of a parent.—London Globe.

Nasal CATARRH

In all its stages there should be cleanliness.

Ely's Cream Balm cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged. The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6¾
Standard		@	7¼
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	12½
Sides ℔ ℔		@	8
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	6½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔		@	5½
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	5¼
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 25	@	1 35
New New York, each		@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	22
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	12½@		15
Northern	20	@	22
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	51	@	55
Virginia Meal	52	@	53
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	90
CANDLES—℔ ℔			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔			
Northern Factory	10½@		11¼
Dairy Cream		@	11
State		@	10¾
COFFEE—℔ ℔			
Laguyra	12	@	18
Rio	7½@		10
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¼
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔s		@	70
EGGS—℔ dozen	11	@	13
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	28 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl.	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl.	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 00	@	4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 00	@	6 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
Extra	4 25	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade		@	3 50
Choice		@	3 75
Straight	4 00	@	4 25
First Patent	4 50	@	5 00
GLUE—℔ ℔	8½@		9
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White		@	55
Car-load, in bgs—White		@	52
Oats, from store	40	@	45
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	65	@	70
Black Eye Peas	1 00	@	1 10
HIDES—℔ ℔			
Green salted		@	6½
Dry flint		@	10
Dry salt		@	9
HAY ℔ 100 ℔s			
Clover Hay	70	@	90
Rice Straw	40	@	50
Eastern	80	@	85
Western	80	@	85
North River	80	@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔		@	3½
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	8	@	7
North Carolina	6	@	10½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	21 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15|00
Common mill	5 00	@	6 50
Fair mill	6 50	@	8 00
Prime mill	8 50	@	10 00
Extra mill	10 00	@	10 50
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	35
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	38
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	33	@	30
Porto Rico, in barrels	29	@	32
Sugar House, in hogsheads	13	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	15	@	25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	2 00	@	3 10
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		@	10 50
Rump		@	10 00
Prime		@	9 50
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool	75	@	80
American	70	@	75
On 100 ℔ Sacks		@	47½
SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress Saw	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5⅝@		5¾
Standard A	5	@	5¼
White Extra C	5	@	5¼
Extra C, Golden		@	5
C, Yellow		@	4¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½@		4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Palme		@	7 00
Mill, Fair		@	6 50
Common Mill	4 50	@	5|00
Inferior to ordinary	3 00	@	4 00
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed			
℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6|00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5|00
" Sap	4 00	@	5|50
6x24 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	5
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon, Northern	1|00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1|00	@	00
Cod, per ℔—Unwashed	10	@	12

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., June 2, 1899

SCHOONERS.

Robert C McQuillan, 440 tons, Hankins, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

STEAMSHIPS.

Venetia (Br) 2,333 tons, MacDougal' Heide & Co.

BARGE.

Carrie L Tyler, Jones, 538 tons, Navassa Guano Co.

Beware of Imitations!

Consumers should beware of the cheap and inferior washing powders said to be just as good as

GOLD DUST Washing Powder

They are not—there is nothing so good as the genuine GOLD DUST for all cleaning about the house. Ask for GOLD DUST and insist on getting it. Made only by

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago St. Louis New York Boston.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, June 2.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Nothing doing.

ROSIN—Market dull at 90 cents per barrel for Strained and 95 cents for Good Strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.30 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quiet at $1.25 per barrel for Hard, $2.10 for Dip and $2.20 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine steady at 25¼@ 24¾c; rosin steady at 95c@$1.00; tar firm at $1.10; crude turpentine quiet at $1.00, $1.60@1.70.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	147
Rosin	359
Tar	139
Crude Turpentine	27

Receipts same day last year.—129 casks spirits turpentine, 948 bbls rosin, 47 bbls tar, 23 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market quiet on a basis of 5⅞c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	3 7-16 cts.	℔
Good Ordinary	4 13-16	" "
Low Middling	5 7-16	" "
Middling	5⅞	" "
Good Middling	6¼	" "

Same day last year middling 6½c.

Receipts—7 bales; same day last year, 19.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Extra prime, 75@80c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 80 to 85c.

NOW is the time
To make your deposits

IN THE

Wilmington Savings and Trust Co.

JUNE FIRST IS THE BEGINNING OF OUR NEXT INTEREST PAYING QUARTER. ALL DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE THAT DATE

Begin to draw interest at rate of FOUR PER CENT.

my 27 tf

BUSINESS LOCALS

IN "THE MORNING STAR"

COST BUT A CENT A WORD.

NO AD. FOR LESS THAN 20c.

HAVE YOU LOST ANYTHING?
HAVE YOU FOUND ANYTHING?
WANT TO SELL A HOUSE?
WANT TO RENT A HOUSE?
NEED A COOK?
WANT A NURSE?
WANT TO BORROW MONEY?
WANT TO LEND MONEY?
WANT A SITUATION?
WANT A BOOKKEEPER?
WANT TO BUY OR SELL A COW OR HORSE?
DO YOU WISH TO SELL A FARM?
DO YOU WISH TO BUY A FARM?
DO YOU WANT A WIFE?

Do You Want Anything?

A Cent a Word is a Mere Trifle for An Advertisement.
The Price is so Low That You Can Afford to Detail Your Needs in Print, and Save Correspondence.

Try "The Morning Star."

Guaranteed Circulation Larger Than That of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

1831 Sixty-Ninth Year. 1899

THE

Country Gentleman,

The ONLY Agricultural NEWSpaper

INDISPENSABLE TO

All Country Residents

WHO WISH TO

KEEP UP WITH THE TIMES

Single Subscription, $2;

Two Subscriptions, &3.50;
Four Subscriptions, $6.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO RAISERS OF LARGER CLUBS.
Write for Particulars on this Point.

Free Till January 1 to New Subscribers for 1899.

It will be seen that the difference between the cost of the COUNTRY GENTLEMAN and that of other agricultural weeklies (none of which even attempts to cover the agricultural *news* of the day) may readily be reduced, by making up a small Club, to

Less Than a Cent a Week!

Does such a difference as that justify you in contenting yourself with some other paper instead of having the best?

SEND FOR SPECIMEN COPIES.

Which will be mailed Free, and compare them with any other rural weekly; it will not take long to see the difference. Address

LUTHER TUCKER & SON,
Albany, N. Y.

oct 21 tf

Seed Oats

this year are generally mouldy and unsound. We have

North Carolina R. R. P. Oats

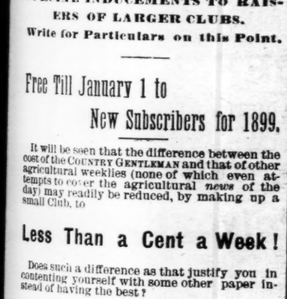
tested by ourselves.

Finest Quality and Low Price.

BAGGING AND TIES.
Groceries Generally.

The Worth Company.

9 12 tf



NOTICE.—The Horse and Mule season is never over with me. I've got 'em and lots of 'em. For sale or hire at prices to suit the times. One big pair of five-year old Mules, weight 2,300 pounds. I also call your attention to a lot of one and two-horse Wagons, Cart Wheels, Axles and FOUR-WHEEL DRAYS. Something new; never offered here before.

Call and see me and I'll do business with you.

F. T. MILLS.

apr 26 tf

How to Quiet a Child.

A little girl frequently fancied she saw bears and tigers whenever she happened to awake in the night. Presumably she dreamed of some danger, may be on account of having eaten too much for supper or having eaten the wrong kind of food. At any rate, she frequently awoke crying in the night, and in her fear interpreted the dim outlines of a dress or a curtain as a fearful beast that was about to attack her. The best thing to do is to deal tenderly with such fancies and remove the child as far as possible from the object that has caused her excitement.

Then, if you can do so without disturbing the other children, light the lamp and let the light fall full on the thing that has given rise to her fear. Be slow, and express your opinion first as a kind of preliminary assumption that the bear may after all be mamma's skirt or the curtain moving in the draft, and when this comforting probability is understood follow up your advantage and declare it to be a good joke that a harmless piece of cloth should look like a fearful animal. Make the child smile at the incongruity of her fancy, and her laugh will cure the horror of the dream and dispel the nightmare as sunshine dissolves the mist.—Arena.

Luxury, Right or Wrong.

Discussing the right or wrong of luxury in The North American Review, Professor F Spencer Baldwin, a Boston university authority on economics, comes to these conclusions

"There are justifiable and there are unjustifiable luxuries.

"In general it may be laid down that a luxury which contributes to the efficiency of the individual in the widest sense and which does not impose on society for the satisfaction of its demands an unwholesome and degrading form of labor is perfectly justifiable.

"This sanction of luxury is not to be stretched to cover unlimited self indulgence. The part played by rational self sacrifice in the development of character is not to be overlooked. Constant self indulgence is demoralizing.

"But in general a man has a right to spend money for anything that enriches and diversifies his life, and thus aids in the developing and rounding out of his personality, provided the labor that is required for the production of the articles in question be agreeable and innocuous.

"On the other hand, a luxury that demoralizes the individual or calls for a noxious form of labor is unjustifiable."

Elephant Hunting In Nubia.

When the elephant is pursued on foot, it is invariably sought in the depths of the forest, where it has retired for shelter from the noonday sun and also for the short repose it takes during the 24 hours. The hunter, having tracked his quarry to its retreat, is obliged to use the utmost stealth in approaching it, the elephant being a very light sleeper and awakened by the slightest unusual sound.

The difficulty of moving through a dense, thorny jungle without making any sound dissimilar to those which might be produced by nature, such as the stirring of the branches by a light breeze or the occasional falling of a dead leaf, is greater than can be realized by any one who has not tried it.

On getting within arm's length of his game the swordsman slowly raises himself to an erect position and deals a slashing cut on the back sinews of the nearest foot about ten inches from the ground, at the same time leaping nimbly back to avoid a blow from the animal's trunk. The cut, if properly delivered, bites sheer to the bone, severing the large arteries, and in a short time death ensues from hemorrhage.—Harper's Weekly

Highgate (England) magistrates fined the owner of a dog found unmuzzled 10 shillings, though they were informed the man was dead.

In the year 1700 there was only one newspaper in the United States.

BALLADE OF THE MEDIOCRE.

Ambitious bards with song sublime
To win eternal fame essay—
To echo through the deeps of time
The voice of some grand yesterday
Or on man's throbbing heartstrings play
Love's harmonies unspeakable.
Alas, I am not framed that way!
I beat the cymbals—that is all!

How sweet in slender snares of rhyme
To trap the tender dreams of May,
To catch the bluebell's subtle chime
Of fragrance on the hills astray,
To mock the wildwood's blithe ballet
Of blooms and flitting birds that call
The chorus to spring's roundelay!
I beat the cymbals—that is all!

To be a king of song and climb
Olympus with a lyre—for aye
To rise above the toil and grime
Of life and from the stars survey
This peevish world's discordant fray—
Ah, this were worth a master's screw!
But I the master must obey.
I beat the cymbals—that is all.

ENVOY.

Friend, in life's changeable array
Some may be great, some must be small
And some be grave, a few be gay.
I beat the cymbals—that is all.
—Chicago Record.

THE LITTLE CURATE.

The curate and Miss Edmiston were walking down the main street of the village engaged in conversation, which, being that of a recently affianced pair, need not here be repeated.

Miss Edmiston carried herself with an air of pretty dignity, made none the less apparent by the fact that she was fully two inches taller than her lover, the Rev. John St. John. He was a thin, wiry little man, dark haired and pale complexioned, and was much troubled in his daily walk with a certain unconquerable shyness. That he should have won the heart of handsome Nancy Edmiston was a matter for surprise and discussion among the residents in Broxbourne.

"Such a very uninteresting young man!" said the maiden ladies over their afternoon tea.

"So ridiculously retiring! How did he ever come to propose?" remarked the mothers whose daughters assisted in giving women an overwhelming and not altogether united majority in Broxbourne society.

The men, on the other hand, voted St. John a good sort, and his parishioners, in their rough ways, owned to his many qualities.

"You're a dear little girl, Nancy," the curate was stammering, looking up at his beloved, when they were both stopped short on the narrow pavement. A burly workman was engaged in chastising a small boy with a weapon in the shape of a stout leather belt. The child screamed, and the father presumably cursed.

"Stop!" cried the curate.

The angry man merely scowled and raised the strap for another blow. St. John laid a detaining hand on the fellow's arm, the temerity of which caused the latter such surprise that he loosened his grip for a moment, and the youngster fled howling up an alley.

"What the"— spluttered the bully, dancing round the curate, who seemed to shrink nearer to his sweetheart.

"Let us go, dear," he said. He had grown white and was trembling.

At this juncture two of the workman's cronies appeared at the door of the alehouse opposite and, seeing how matters stood, crossed the road and, with rough hands and soothing curses, conducted their furious friend from the scene.

"Horrible!" sighed the curate as the lovers continued their walk.

Miss Edmiston's head was held a trifle higher. "If I were a man," she said, "I would have thrashed him. I would indeed."

"You think I should have punished him then?" said the curate mildly. "He was a much larger man than I, you know."

Nancy was silent. She was vaguely but sorely disappointed in her lover. He was not exactly the hero she had dreamed of. How white and shaky he had turned!

"You surely did not expect me to take part in a street row, Nancy," he said presently, somehow suspecting her thoughts. He knew her romantic ideas. But she made no reply.

"So you think I acted in a cowardly fashion?" he questioned after a chill pause.

"I don't think your cloth is an excuse anyhow," she blurted out suddenly and cruelly. The next instant she was filled with shame and regret. Before she could speak again, however, the curate had lifted his hat and was crossing the street. An icy "Goodby!" was all he vouchsafed her.

* * * * * * *

Mr. St. John was returning from paying a visit of condolence some distance out of the village, and he had taken the short cut across the moor. It was a clear, summer afternoon, a week since his parting with Nancy. A parting in earnest it had been, for the days had gone by without meeting or communication between them. The curate was a sad young man, though the anger in his heart still burned fiercely. To have been called a coward by the woman he loved was a thing not likely to be forgotten. His recent visit, too, had been particularly trying. In his soul he felt that his words of comfort had been unreal; that, for all he had striven, he had failed in his mission to the bereaved mother. So he trudged across the moor with slow step and bent head, giving no heed to the summer beauties around him.

He was about half way home when his somber meditations were suddenly interrupted. A man rose from the heather, where he had been lying, and stood in the path, barring the curate's progress.

"Now, Mister Parson!" he said, with menace in his thick voice and bloated face.

"Good afternoon, my man," returned St. John, recognizing the brute of a week ago and turning as red as a turkey cock.

"I'll 'good afternoon' ye, Mister Parson! No! Ye don't pass till I'm done wi' ye!" cried the man, who had been drinking heavily, though he was too seasoned to show any unsteadiness in gait.

The curate drew back. "What do you want?" he asked. He was painfully white now.

"What do I want?" repeated the bully, following up the question with a volley of oaths that made the little man shudder. "I'll tell ye what I want. I want yer apology"—he fumbled with the word—"apology fer interferin t'ween a father an his kid. But I licked him more'n ever for yer blasted interferin."

"You infernal coward!" exclaimed St. John.

His opponent gasped.

"Let me pass!" said the curate.

"No, ye don't!" cried the other, recovering from his astonishment at hearing a strong word from the parson.

St. John gazed hurriedly about him. The path wound across the moor, through the green and purple of the heather, cutting a low hedge here and there and losing itself at last in the heat haze. They were alone.

The bully grinned. "I've got ye now!"

"You have indeed," said St. John, peeling off his black coat and throwing it on the heather. His soft felt hat followed. Then he slipped the links from his cuffs and rolled up his shirt sleeves, while his enemy gasped at his proceedings.

"Now, I'm ready!" said the curate gently.

"Are ye goin to fight?" burst out the other, looking at him as Goliath might have looked at David. "Come on, ye'"—

But the foul word never passed his lips, being stopped by a carefully plauted blow from a small but singularly hard fist. The little curate was filled with a wild, unholy joy. He had not felt like this since his college days. He thanked Providence for his friends, the Indian clubs and dumbbells, which had kept him in trim the past three years. The blood sang in his veins as he circled round Goliath, guarding the giant's brutal smashes and getting in a stroke when occasion offered. It was not long ere the big man found himself hopelessly outmatched; his wind was gone; his jaw was swollen, and one eye was useless. He made a final effort and slung out a terrific blow at David. Partly parried, it caught him on the shoulder, felling him to the earth. Now, surely, the victory was with the Philistine. But, no! The young man recoiled to his feet like a young sapling, and the next that Goliath knew was, ten minutes later, when he opened his available eye and found that his enemy was bending over him, wiping the stains from his face with a fine linen handkerchief.

"Feel better?" said the curate.

"Well, I'm"—

"Hush, man; it's not worth swearing about," interposed his nurse. "Now, get up."

He held out his hand and assisted the wreck to its feet.

"You'd better call at the chemist's and get patched up. Here's money."

The vanquished one took the silver and gazed stupidly at the giver, who was making his toilet.

"Please go away and don't thrash your boy any more," said St. John persuasively.

Goliath made a few steps, then retraced them, holding out a grimy paw. "Mister Parson, I'm—I'm"—

"Don't say another word. Goodby." And the curate shook hands with him.

The big man turned away. Presently he halted once more. "I'm beat!" he said. It had to come. Then he shambled homeward.

St. John adjusted his collar, gave his shoulder a rub and donned his coat and hat. As he started toward the village a girl came swiftly to meet him.

"Oh, John, John, you are splendid!" she gasped as she reached him. "I watched you from the hedge yonder."

"I am exceedingly sorry, Miss Edmiston," said the curate coldly, raising his hat and making to pass on.

Nancy started as though he had struck her. Her flush of enthusiasm paled out. In her excitement she had forgotten that event of a week ago, but the cutting tone of his voice reminded her. She bowed her head, and he went on his way. He had gone about 50 yards when she called his name. Her voice just reached him, but something in it told him that he had not suffered alone.

He turned about and hastened to her.—Exchange.

He Was Too Familiar.

W. G. Wills, the dramatist and painter, once attracted so much attention by his pastels—according to a story in the published memoirs—that he was requested by the secretary to attend at Osborne to do portraits of her majesty's grandchildren. Mr. Wills was a thorough Bohemian, and the invitation filled him with dismay. In ignorance of the etiquette which construes a royal invitation in a command he thought to get out of it by writing a polite note, stating that a prior engagement would prevent his attending. The next day a telegram came from Osborne to the following effect: "The queen commands Mr. Wills to attend at Osborne immediately."

The artist was far too loyal a subject to dispute her majesty's direct commands. So he ruefully packed up his belongings and started for the royal palace. As might well be supposed, his life at Osborne was uncongenial. When he was doing a portrait of a royal baby on all fours and good humoredly said, "Look up, little one!" the lady in waiting reproved his familiarity and told him he must address the infant as princess or your royal highness.

The pastel portraits which he made still hang at Osborne, and as royal patronage gave a great stimulus to sitters his reputation was made.

A Remarkable Piano.

One Bouchet, who compiled a history of Acquitaine, describes a remarkable pianoforte built for Louis XI by the Abbe de Baigne. The king one day hearing a drove of hogs tuning up preparatory to a general rush for and promiscuous scramble at the slop pail, laughingly ordered the priest to contrive means by which these seemingly discordant sounds might produce harmony.

Tradition does not affirm that the reverend gentleman scratched his head thereat, but owing to the prevalence of the tonsure it is safe to assert that he did not. Notwithstanding which, however, he managed to nicely grade the drove, from the thin treble of the shote to the bassoon grunt of the tusked boar and, having arranged them in stalls under a pavilion, announced to his astonished majesty, who had not thought of the matter since, that the piano was in tune.

The king, incredulous, attended, and when the abbe struck the keys there poured forth to the delight of the entire court a burst of music such as Orpheus never conceived. The explanation, when the crafty prelate chose to expose his plan, was most simple. The keys being struck, a prong set in motion by the action was stuck into the pig, grazing or piercing, according to the force and temperament of the player, the resulting squeal, howl or groan producing harmony.

98.

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the wonderful new constitutional cure for RHEUMATISM. The other two per cent. were not curable, or failed to take medicine according to directions. Thousands have been cured. In view of the fact that many physicians think that rheumatism is incurable, and that most remedies fail, it must be true that RHEUMACIDE is the greatest medical discovery of the age. Particulars and testimonials of many well known people sent free to all applicants.

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NOTICE.

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Respectfully,
A. PREMPERT.

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New York for Wilmington.

ONEIDA.....Saturday, June 3
GEO. W. CLYDE.....Saturday, June 10

Wilmington for New York.

GEO. W. CLYDE.....Saturday, June 3
ONEIDA.....Saturday, June 10

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

ONEIDA.....Tuesday, June 6
GEO. W. CLYDE.....Tuesday, June 13

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WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green N. Y.

je 3 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE — S.A.L. — VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Schedule in Effect Dec. 11, 1898.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:15 P. M., Pembroke 5:35 P. M., Maxton 6:06 P. M.- Laurinburg 6:23 P. M., Hamlet 6:55 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with trains for Monroe, Charlotte, Athens, Atlanta and all points South; and with trains for Raleigh, Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:30 A. M., arrives Weldon 11:43 A. M., Raleigh 3:30 P. M., Sanford 5:05 P. M., Hamlet 6:55 P. M., Wadesboro 8:10 P. M., Monroe 9:12 P. M., Charlotte 10:25 P. M., and Atlanta 5:20 A. M.

Train 35—Leaves Atlanta 9:50 P. M. Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M. Arrives Monroe 5:45A. M., Wadesboro 6:51 A.M., Hamlet 7:48 A. M., Sanford 9:52 A. M., Raleigh 11:15 A. M., Weldon 2:50 P. M., Portsmouth 5:20 P. M.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 A. M. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 A. M., Maxton 9:05 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12:05 noon.

Train 408—Leaves Washington 5:00 P. M., Richmond 9:00 P. M., Portsmouth 8:45 P. M., Weldon 11:10 P. M. Arrives Raleigh 2:14 A. M., Sanford 3:33 A. M., Hamlet 5:07 A. M., Wadesboro 6:01 A. M., Monroe 6:53 A. M., Charlotte 8:00 A. M., Atlanta 2:50 P. M.

Train 405—Leaves Charlotte 9:00 A. M. Arrives Lincolton 10:20 A. M., Shelby 11:37 A. M., Shelby 11:37 A. M., Rutherfordton 12:50 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Rutherfordton 4:20 P. M. Arrives Shelby 5:40 P. M. Lincolnton 6:56 P. M., Charlotte 8:15 P. M., Monroe 9:10 P. M.

Train 403—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 noon. Arrives Monroe 9:30 P. M., Wadesboro 10:30 P. M., Hamlet 11:15 P. M., Sanford 12:58 P. M., Raleigh 3:00 A. M., Weldon 4:55 A. M., Portsmouth 7:25 A. M., Richmond 8:15 A. M., Washington 12:41 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 P. M. Arrives Gibson 8:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 A. M. Arrives Hamlet 7:40 A. M.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 A. M. Arrives Cheraw 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 P. M. Arrives Hamlet 6:30 P. M.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

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H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.
V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.
L. S. ALLEN, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
General Offices Portsmouth Va.

ja 10 tf

ATLANTIC & YADKIN RAILWAY.

Schedule in Effect March 26th, 1899.

South Bound Daily No. 52	MAIN LINE.	North Bound Daily No. 53.
6 30 p m	Ar.....Wilmington.....Lv	9 00 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Fayetteville.....Ar	12 10 a m
3 45 p m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	12 28 p m
2 30 p m	Lv.....Sanford.....Lv	1 43 p m
12 43 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Lv	3 44 p m
12 13 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	4 15 p m
11 55 a m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	4 35 p m
11 07 a m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	5 12 p m
10 36 a m	Lv.....Walnut Cove.....Lv	5 44 p m
10 09 a m	Lv.....Rural Hall.....Lv	6 18 p m
8 45 a m	Lv.....Mt. Airy.....Ar	7 35 p m

South Bound Daily No. 54.	BENNETTSVILLE.	North Bound Daily No. 55.
8 00 a m	Lv.....Bennettsville.....Ar	7 15 p m
9 07 a m	Lv.....Maxton.....Lv	6 15 p m
9 35 a m	Lv.....Red Springs.....Lv	5 35 p m
10 20 a m	Lv.....Hope Mills.....Lv	4 52 p m
10 40 a m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	4 33 p m

No. 46		No. 47.
South Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.	MADISON BRANCH.	North Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.
5 30 p m	Ar.....Ramseur.....Lv	6 40 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Ar	8 35 a m
3 40 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	9 17 a m
2 30 p m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	9 35 a m
11 15 p m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Ar	11 07 a m
12 30 p m	Lv.....Madison.....Ar	11 55 a m

Connections at Fayetteville with Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. R. KENLY, General Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt.
mar 28 tf

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ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect April 17, 1899.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.05 A. M. — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.53 A. M., Warsaw 11.12 A. M., Goldsboro 12.20 P. M., Wilson 1.16 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.21 P. M., Weldon 4.22 P. M., Petersburg 5.21 P. M., Richmond 7.00 P. M., Norfolk 8.55 P. M., Washington 11.20 P. M., Baltimore 1.50 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.34 P. M., Warsaw 8.48 P. M., Goldsboro 9.45 P. M., Wilson 10.33 P. M., †Tarboro 7.04 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.38 P. M. Weldon 1.00 A. M., †Norfolk 10.25 A. M., Petersburg 2.35 A. M., Richmond 3.23A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.23 A. M., Philadelphia 10.38 A. M. New York 1.03 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonvill 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.56 P. M., Chadbourn 5.28 P. M. Marion 6.34 P. M., Florence 7.15 P. M. Sumter 8.57 P. M., Columbia 10.20 P. M., Denmark 6.12 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M. Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M. Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 6.05 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.50 P. M. — No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.05 P. M., New York *2.00 P. M., Philadelphia 12.05 A. M., Baltimore 2.50 A. M. Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 10.00 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.52 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.21 P. M., Warsaw 4.12 P. M., Magnolia 4.35 P. M.

DAILY 9.45 A. M — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 A. M., Philadelphia 12 09 P. M., Baltimore 2.25 P. M., Washington 5.46 P. M., Richmond 7.30 P M., Petersburg 8.12 P. M., †Norfolk 2.20 P. M., Weldon 9.43 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.20 A. M., Goldsboro 7.01 A. M., Warsaw 7.56 A. M., Magnolia 8.09 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.25 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.15 P. M. — N . 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 A. M., Sanford 3.07 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.45 A. M., Charleston 6.33 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.17 P. M. Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.10 P. M., Florence 9.50 A. M., Marion 10.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.34 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.03 A. M.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.15 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.00 P. M., Greenville 6.07 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.52 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.16 A. m., Weldon 11.38 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.30 A. M. and 3.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.00 P. M.; arrives Washington 11.00 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C. daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.05 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.05 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 8.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 9.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 10.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M., 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nash ville 10.10 A. M. 4.03 P. M., Spring Hope 10.40 A. M., 4.35 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.55 P. M., Nashville 11.22 A. M.; 5.35 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 11.45 A. M., 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 8.10 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 A. M. and 10.50 A. M

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 10.02 A. M., arrive Latta 10.34 A. M., Dillon 10.36 A. M., Rowland 10.54 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.30 P. M., Latta 6.35 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 3.00 P. M., Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M.; leave Conway 8.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.20 A. M.; arrive Hub 12.25 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.18 P. M., Manning 5.41 P. M.; arrive Lane's 6.17 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.34 A. M., Manning 9.09 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9.30 A. M., 7.40 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 12.00 M., 9.00 P. M.; leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M.; 3.30 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.35 A. M.; 5.55 P. M Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Aartsville 9 15 P. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 2.25 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 7.55 P. M.; arrive Darlington 8.30 P. M., Bennettsville 9.17 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.30 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.05 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.00 A. M. Bennettsville 7.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.00 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3.00 P. M., Cheraw 4.45 P. M., Hartsville 7.00 A. M., Darlington 6.29 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington Sunday only at 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.58 P. M., 11.14 P. M., arrive Selma 2.50 P. M. 11.57 P. M., Smithfield 3.08 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M., Fayetteville 4.35 P. M., 1.06 A. M., Rowland 6.00 P. M., returning leave Rowland 10.54 A. M., Fayetteville 12.15 P. M., 9.40 P. M., Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 1.43 P. M., Selma 1.50 P. M., 10.59 P. M., arrive Wilson 2.35 P. M., 11.31 A. M.

Manchester & Augusta R. R. trains leave Sumter 4.20 A. M., Creston 5.17 A. M., arrive Denmark 6.19 A. M. Returning, leave Denmark 4.17 P. M., Creston 5.13 P. M., Sumter 6.03 P. M. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5.45 A. M., arrives Pregnalls 9.15 A. M. Returning, leaves Pregnalls 10.00 A. M., arrives Creston 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 10.25 A. M., and arrive Lucknow 12.15 P. M. Returning, leave Lucknow 2.10 P. M., arrive Elliotts 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
apr 18 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 3.

To Take Effect Sunday, Nov. 28, 1897, at 12 M.

GOING EAST.		STATIONS.	GOING WEST.	
3 Pass'g'r Trains			4 Pass'g'r Trains	
Arrive	Leave		Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	3 40	Goldsboro.....	11 05	.....
.....	4 32	Kinston.....	10 12	.....
5 32	5 45	Newbern.....	8 57	9 10
6 57	7 02	Morehead City.	7 42	7 47
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 5.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilming ton and intermediate points.

jan 1 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

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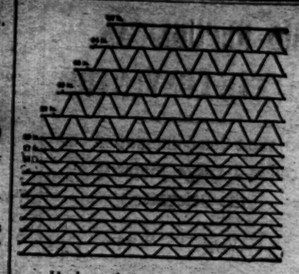

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The Morning Star.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 3, 1899.

SOUTH CAROLINA'S GOVERNOR

William Hazeldon Ellerbee Died Yesterday at His Home Near Dillon, South Carolina.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, S. C., June 2.—William Hazeldon Ellerbee, Governor of South Carolina, died near Dillon this evening. About two weeks ago he went, in the last stage of consumption, from the Governor's residence at Columbia, where he had been an invalid for months, to his plantation home, in Marion county. He was a descendant of Captain Thomas Ellerbee, of Marion's bridge, who came to this State from Virginia in 1737. He was born, 1862 and educated at Wofford College and Vanderbilt University. He was a planter and a merchant at the inception of the Tillman moreement in 1868, and was elected comptroller general in 1890. In 1893 he was defeated as governor. In 1895 he was elected Governor, carrying every county in the State except one, receiving the votes of many conservatives, as he had proclaimed his determination to know no faction.

When the Spanish war was proclaimed he promptly seconded the call of the President for volunteers and his appointment of officers gave general satisfaction. In 1898 he was re-elected Governor after a hot campaign and a most formidable opposition, many conservatives claiming that he had not fulfilled his pledges. He warmly approved the Spanish war, saying in his speech to the volunteers: "We are all Americans. The sentiment of every American, yea, of every South Carolinian, is expressed, that faction will not divide us, that sectionalism will not destroy this republic. Its borders shall be extended, its commerce shall float upon every sea, its stars shall be trebled, and its institutions flourish until time is no more. We fought to destroy the Union, but we were right in principle. We were whipped and are now in the Union to stay."

His domestic life has been a happy and beautiful one. He leaves his widow and six children valuable landed estates in Marion county. He will be succeeded by Lieutenant Governor Miles B. McSweeney, of Hampton county, a former Charleston printer boy, who has risen to the top through his own exertions.

NO CALL FOR VOLUNTEERS.

Additional Troops Required by Otis Will be Taken From Regulars Now in the West Indies.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 2.—The cabinet, at its meeting to-day, decided that there was no present necessity for the enlistment of volunteers. The situation was gone over at the cabinet meeting very fully before this conclusion was reached. The President stands ready at any time it may appear necessary to authorize the enlistment of volunteers should more men be deemed necessary, although hoping that such a contingency may not arise. General Otis is to be given the thirty thousand men for which he has asked. The additional 5,000 or 6,000 troops to make up the 30,000 are to be taken from the regulars now serving in Porto Rico, Cuba and this country.

The administration's advices from Prof. Schurman, of the Philippine commission, have been uniformly optimistic, and it is understood that further advices of the same tenor were received to-day. This was also borne out by the press dispatches, which spoke of social gaieties in Manila for the benefit of the friendly native population.

It is said that there is no difficulty about putting into Manila any number of troops this government may elect to send. Coincident with the withdrawal of the volunteer troops in the Philippines, Brigadier Generals Hale, Smith and Funston will be relieved from further duty in that country and ordered home for muster out, with the organizations with which they were identified before their elevation to brigade rank.

ARTIFICIAL COTTON.

A Process for Making Fibre From Wood of the Fir Tree—An Austrian Invention.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 2.—Consul Mahin, of Rechenberg, Austria, under date of April 21st, quotes an account in a local newspaper of a process for making artificial cotton from the wood of the fir tree. It appears that the wood is reduced to thin shavings, which are placed in a washing apparatus, exposed to the influence of steam for ten hours. They are then subjected to a strong preparation of sodium lye and are heated under great pressure for thirty-six hours. The wood is now changed to pure celluose, and to give this a greater resisting power some castor oil, caffeine and gelatin are added. The substance is then put into an apparatus and made into threads, which are reeled.

The article concludes: "Artificial cotton can be porduced so cheaply that the genuine article can hardly compete with it and one cannot say that it is a sham, for it is composed, exactly as the natural cotton, of pure celluose."

Mr. Martin addds: "In a country such as this, where forests of fire trees abound and are made perennial by constant re-planting as the large trees are cut down, and where all the cotton used in the numerous factories must be brought from far India and the United States, such a device should be profitable."

COTTON MOVEMENT.

The Decrease in the World's Visible Supply—Hester's Statement.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., June 2.—Secretary Hester's statement of the world's visible supply of cotton shows a decrease for the week just closed of 150,760 bales, against a decrease of 131,722 last year and a decrease of 48,145 in 1895.

The total visible is 3,521,410 bales, against 3,672,170 last week and 2,869,111 last year. Of this the total of American cotton is 3,245,410 bales, against 3,360,170 last week and 2,594,111 last year, and of all other kinds, including Egypt, Brazil, India, etc., 276,000 bales, against 312,000 last week and 275,000 last year.

THE MODERN BEAUTY.

Thrives on good food and sunshine, with plenty of exercise in the open air. Her form glows with health and her face blooms with its beauty. If her system needs the cleansing action of a laxative remedy, she uses the gentle and pleasant Syrup of Figs, made by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

OHIO REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION

The Hanna-Cox Combination Controlled a Large Majority of the Delegates.

THEIR FAVORITES NOMINATED

Unanimous Endorsement of McKinley and His Administration—Platform Re-affirmed Principles Declared by St. Louis Convention.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBUS, O., June 2.—The Republican State convention nominated Judge Geo. K. Nash, the favorite of Senator Hanna for Governor, on the second ballot, and ex-Congressman Jno. A. Caldwell, the favorite of Geo. B. Cox for Lieutenant Governor, with the other five nominations distributed among those of less distinct party affiliations.

What was generally called the Hanna-Cox combination controlled a large majority of the 813 delegates, but it did not exercise its power beyond the nominations of Nash and Caldwell. The conference at which Senator Hanna, Mr. Cox and others reached a mutually satisfactory understanding did not conclude until 9 A. M., an hour before the convention assembled. It was all over then with Mr. Daugherty and the other candidates.

When some of the delegates raised the cry of "Slate!" George B. Cox himself was the first to break the slate by changing the 86 votes of Hamilion county, which he had cast on the first and second ballots for Judge Hull, for attorney general, to James M. Sheets. The only other places in which the slate was broken was in the nomination for supreme judge. The incumbent, Judge Bradbury, was a candidate for a third term, and was opposed on that ground as well as on the cry of "Slate!" Judge Bradbury, State Treasurer Campbell and Attorney General Monnett were all candidates for the nomination for third terms and all were defeated.

Universal Endorsement of McKinley.

Outside of the unusually animated contests for the nominations, the feature of the convention was its universal endorsement of President McKinley. When the plank in the platform "commending the President for the judicious modifications of the civil service rules, recently promulgated," was read, there was a very enthusiastic demonstration.

In presenting the name of Mr. Daugherty, Mr. Holcome, of Cleveland, said he hoped the convention would tolerate no dictation. And when Mr. Daugherty was called out, after the nomination of Judge Nash, the defeated candidate said among other things that he hoped he would at least be allowed to live as a private citizen in the Republican ranks.

It was 10.20 when Chairman Kerr called the convention to order. All contests had been settled satisfactorily by the committee. The McKisson delegation from Cuyahoga county (Cleveland) was shut out. The temporary organization was made permanent.

The Platform Adopted.

"The Republican party of Ohio reaffirms the principles declared by the St. Louis platform.

"We earnestly endorse the great administration of William McKinley. It is distinguished to a remarkable degree in the history of national administrations. Under the last Democratic administration, and as a result of the Democratic principles and policy, our industries were destroyed, capital and labor were unemployed, the poor suffered as never before in our history, agricultural products could not be sold because consumers could not earn money with which to buy, and every branch of trade felt the influence of the Democratic tariff reform hard times; the treasury of the United States was depleted, and the gold reserve disappeared. The government borrowed money to pay current expenses, increasing the public debt in times of peace by hundreds of millions of dollars.

"The Democratic party proposed to the people as a remedy for all these Democratic ills, a depreciated and dishonest currency which intensified every ill.

"During all that period of depression and distress the Republican party stood fast for the principles and policies under which American industries had been built up and had flourished beyond example—the principles and policies under which the people had prospered and the nation had grown great for a generation, stood fast for a sound and honest currency, and in 1896 elected to the presidency William McKinley, the best exponent of Republicanism and true American ideas and policies, the friend of every American industry and the wise and patriotic defender and advocate of honest money. Under his splendid Republican administration public credit has been restored, the prosperity of the people has developed, our commerce has grown greater, our trade, domestic and foreign, has increased to a degree never before known, and the people are looking with confidence for greater things to come.

"The magnificent achievements of our army and navy in the war with Spain for the liberation of the down trodden and oppressed people of Cuba from the domination of Castilian despotism, accomplished under the master guidance of a Republican administration, are necessarily subjects for highest enconium by a convention of Ohio Republicans.

"To the same master guidance, controlled by the great principles that have shaped the high destiny of the Republican party from Lincoln to McKinley, the people can safely commit the solution of the momentous problem of the future of Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippine islands. The wise solution will vastly increase our foreign trade, spread American civilization abroad, and add to the honor and power and glory of this great nation.

"We commend the President for the judicious modifications of the civil service rules recently promulgated; for the national defence; for the reinforcement of the navy; for the enlargment of our foreign markets. For the employment of American working men in the mines, forests, farms, mills, factories and shipyards, we demand the immediate enactment of legislation similar to that favorably reported to each branch of the Fifty-fifth Congress at its last session, so that American built, American owned and American manned ships may regain their carrying of our foreign commerce.

"We commend the action of the seventy-third Assembly of Ohio in passing the stringent laws on our statutes prohibiting the organization of trusts, and we denounce such unlawful combinations as inimicable to the interests of the people.

"We congratulate the people of the State upon the fact that a Republican legislature enacted this law and we demand its rigid enforcement.

"We pledge our party to such further legislation as experience may determine necessary to prevent the formation and operation of such iniquitous and dangerous combinations."

Other resolutions recommend laws for equalizing the taxes, uniform system of selecting delegates for State conventions, protesting against lynching, and strongly favoring the Ohio centennial at Toledo in 1902.

WM. JENNINGS BRYAN IN LOUISVILLE, KY.

Addressed An Immense Audience On the Political Issues — The Bimetallic League—Resolution Adopted.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LOUISVILLE, KY., June 2.—The formal visit of William Jennings Bryan to Louisville under the auspices of the Ohio Valley Bimetallic League was reserved for to-day, though he was present here Wednesday night at the banquet given by the Young Men's Democratic Club.

Mr. Bryan left Mammoth Cave early this morning and was met at Glasgow junction by a local reception committee. They were received at Union station by an escort under charge of Chief Marshal John L. Dunlap, and a tremendous crowd. Mr. Bryan held a reception for half an hour in the parlors of the hotel, where he shook hands with hundreds of citizens. After luncheon he was driven to the audi torium, where he spoke to an immense audience. He said in part:

"The Democratic convention adopted a Chicago platform, which applied Democratic principles to the conditions then existing. The conditions existing to-day require the application of the same principles. No questions brought to the attention of the people by the last campaign have been settled since.

"The Republican party did not declare the existing gold standard satisfactory, but declared that it should be continued until foreign nations would join in international bimetallism. The Republican President elected in the last campaign sought to carry out the platform promises by sending commissioners to Europe to secure international bimetallism. These commissioners failed to secure international co-opperation. The Republican party in the next campaign must declare either for the gold standard or for the restoration of bimetallism. If it declares for the gold standard it must defend the principle of gold mono-metallism, which it refused to defend in 1896. If it declares for bimetallism, it must either favor independent bimetallism as the Democrats did in the campaign of 1896, or it must make another attempt to delude the people by the promise of foreign aid."

The remainder of Mr. Bryan's remarks were confined to a condemnation of trusts, the gold standard and the so-called imperialistic policy of the Republican administration, along the same line followed by him in previous speeches.

Before the convention adjourned it unanimously adopted the following resolution:

"We declare and denounce the imperialistic policy of the national administration toward the Filipinos, as repugnant to the bill of rights, contrary to the constitution and the declaration of independence."

The first thing on the programme of the evening session of the Bimetallic League was the address of L. A. Russell, of Cleveland, at Phœnix Hill park. Judge Tarvin at 8 o'clock introduced Mr. Russell, who took as his subject "The Platform and the Men." Mr. Russell made a straightout free silver speech, concluding with a condemnation of trusts and government by injunction.

Mr. Bryan was next introduced to the crowd amid tremendous applause, and spoke briefly amid great enthusiasm.

The meeting at 10 o'clock adjourned to attend the banquet tendered Mr. Bryan at Fountain Ferry park, five miles away.

BABY MARION CLARK.

Two of the Kidnappers in Custody—One of the Gang a Lawyer of Little Rock, Arkansas.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 2.—Arthur W. Clark, father of baby Marion Clark, who was kidnapped a week ago and restored to her parents, to-day filed an information against James and Jennie Wilson and Carrie Jones for kidnapping. The two former are in custody at Nyack. When Chief McCluskey reached Nyack to-day to bring the Wilson's here, Sheriff Blauvelt refused to surrender the prisoners, maintaining that the Rockland county authorities had jurisdiction in the case. McCluskey says the sheriff's refusal to surrender the prisonors is outrageous and declares he will appeal the matter to Governor Roosevelt.

The Wilson woman is represented as saying that Carrie Jones gave her the baby as a sick child in need of country air. She was paid for taking charge of the baby. The man known as Wilson is said to be George Beauregard Barrow, a lawyer of Little Rock, Ark.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., June 2.—Barrow, alias Wilson, the alleged kidnapper, is well known here, and belongs to a prominent family. He is 28 years of age, and is a member of the bar.

The *World* this morning says: Carrie Jones, the nurse who had charge of little Marion Clark, was arrested at Summit, N. J., last night.

COMPARATIVE COTTON STATEMENT

For the Week Ending Monday, June 2, 1899.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 2.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending June 2:

	1899.	1898.
Net receipts at all U. S ports during the week.....	31,520	33,873
Total receipts to this date.....	8,119,371	8,371,824
Exports for week..	57,996	84,007
Total exports to date.....	6,672,769	6,937,053
Stock in all U. S. ports	657,693	433,145
Stock at all interior towns.....	346,849	189,730
Stock in Liverpool,	1,440,000	1,170,000
American aflost for Great Britain...	50,000	93,000

BASE BALL BULLETIN.

Scores of the Games Played by the Clubs Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 2.—Boston, 6; Cincinnati, 4.

Baltimore, 4; Chicago, 2.

Philadelphia, 4; Pittsburg, 3.

New York, 13; Louisville, 12.

Brooklyn, 11; Cleveland, 10.

Washington, 2; St. Louis, 7.

BRILLIANT BALL GIVEN IN MANILA.

One of a Series of Entertainments to Foster Friendship With the Natives.

ARRAY OF HANDSOME WOMEN

Many Wealthy Natives Present—Murder of Capt. Tilley Avenged by Gen. Smith—Villages Destroyed and Insurgents Killed.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MANILA, June 2.—The United States Philippine Commission last night gave one of the most brilliant balls Manila has ever seen. It was one of a series of entertainments intended to foster friendship between the Americans and the natives. The commission has the handsomest residence in Manila, overlooking the harbor. The grounds surrounding it were illuminated while the house itself was decorated with the American colors. The newly appointed judges, General Otis, a number of other American officers, and many wealthy natives were present. There was a display of

Gorgeous Native Toilets

and many jewels were worn, and the array of handsome women surprised the Americans. There was a long programme of American and Filipino dances, followed by the rendering of several instrumental selections, closing with the "Star Spangled Banner."

Senator Albert J. Beveridge, of Indiana, who came to the Philippines some time ago, has made a fortnight's trip in the southern islands, visiting Iloilo, Negros and Cebu. During his tour he talked with the chief of Jolo, who has 2,000 fighting men under his command, and who professes friendship for America, which friendship, he hinted might be strengthened by the continuance of the annual subsidy of $12,000 formerly paid by the Spaniards. Senator Beveridge will leave here on Saturday.

Insurgents Punished.

General Smith has punished insurgents at Escalante, Island of Negros, for the murder of Captain Tilly, of the Signal Corps, who was fired upon by natives under a flag of truce and cut off from rejoining his companions on board the cable ship from which he had landed. General Smith burned the town and killed a number of members of bands of insurgents whom he found in the neighborhood.

Three members of the South Dakota regiment were wounded at San Fernando, in the encounter between the insurgents and the American outposts.

SPANISH POSSESSIONS CEDED TO GERMANY.

The Mariauno, Caroline and Palos Islands. A Formal Announcement of the Transfer Made.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MADRID, June 3.—The Queen Regent opened the Cortes to-day with the usual ceremonial, and in the speech from the throne announced that the Mariano, Caroline and Palos islands were ceded to Germany by the late Spanish cabinet.

During the course of the speech, her majesty said: "When peace with the United States was concluded parliamentary troubles caused a change of cabinet, and the present cabinet was formed. Under the constitution it belonged to me to ratify the treaty by laying it before the chamber. There remains under our control the Carolines, Palos and most of the Mariano islands. But the former cabinet believed it useless for Spain to retain such minor appanages of our ancient empire and signed with the German Emperor a convention, offering to cede these territories, under the law, which will be submitted immediately to the chamber."

WASHINGTON, June 2.—The announcement at Madrid in the speech from the Throne to the Cortes that Spain had ceded the Caroline islands and Palaos and the Marianos was received with surprise here. The cession marks the relinquishment of Spanish possessions in the Far East, save the island of Fernando Po and dependencies on the African coast.

The dispatch containing the news was shown to the German embassy officials to-night, but Ambassador Von Holleben said that he had no comments to make.

Reports have been current from time to time that Spain was figuring on a transfer of sovereignty of the Crolines and that Germany had made overtures looking to their acquisition in the extension of her colonial possessions.

RAILWAY SURGEONS.

Final Adjournment of the International Association Officers—Elected.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, VA., June 2.—The twelfth annual convention of the International Association of Railway Surgeons adjourned sine die this afternoon. The only paper read during the morning session was on "instruction of railroad employes in first aid" by Dr. Charles R. Dickson, of Toronto. A paper was also handed in which had been prepared by Dr. Milton Jay, of Chicago, on "traumatic tetanus."

The election of officers for the ensuing year resulted as follows: Dr. Alfred J. Bonfleur, of Chicago, president; Dr. Thos. A. Manley of New York, Dr. N. P. Pickel of Mississippi, Dr. J. N. Jettijohn of Maryland, Dr. H. P. Merrill of Maine, Dr. W. L. Hoy of Ohio, Dr. F. P. Drake of Canada and Dr. N. C. Moore of Iowa, vice presidents; Dr. Louis J. Mitchell, of Chicago, re-elected secretary; Dr. Eugene R. Lewis, of Kansas City, Mo., re-elected treasurer.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Testimony in Contested Election Cases From South Carolina and Virginia.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 2.—Ex-Representative Richard A. Wise, of Virginia, was in the city to-day accompanied by his brother. Dr. Wise is looking after his contested election case against William A. Young, of the Norfolk district. The testimony has been opened and the papers have gone to the printer.

The testimony in the contested election case of Tolbert vs Latimer, from the Third South Carolina district, has also been opened and the record prepared for the printer. Mr. Latimer came to Washington and was present with his attorney when the testimony was opened.

A SWINDLER ARRESTED.

Charged With Forgery in Elizabeth City, N. C., and Other Towns in the South. Held for Extradition.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 2.—Grover C. Holly, a young man 28 years of age, who said he was a plumber by occupation, living in Jersey City, was arraigned in a police court in Jersey City to-day, on complaint of Sheriff M. G. Grandy, of Elizabeth City, N. C. Sheriff Grandy accused Holly of swindling and forgery in North Carolina and in other cities in the South.

It is said that Holly swindled people on a bogus real estate deal. It is alleged that he would represent to a party of capitalists in a town that he was going to build a sanitarium there. He would offer to pay for the site with a check drawn for a much larger sum than the value of the property, receiving a difference in cash from the owners of the land. The checks were afterwards found to be worthless. One particular instance is that of a check on the First National Bank of Elizabeth City, N. C., for $141. It is also said that he passed a worthless check for $149, drawn on the First National Bank of Pensacola, Florida.

Holly was arrested at his home in Jersey City to day. He was remanded until extradition papers could be received for his removal to North Carolina.

CENSUS APPOINTMENTS.

Southern Republicans Vigorously Protest Against a Division of Places With the Democrats.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 2.—It is stated that Southern Republicans are flooding the White House with protests against dividing the census appointments with the Democrats, and claiming that this means that the census will not be fairly or squarely taken. The matter is brought to light by the speech of Representative Bailey, in Texas yesterday, criticising Director Merriam because he had placed in the hands of Senators from Texas the selection of such appointees as are to be allowed the Democrats. Director Merriam confers frequently with the President and it is supposed that there is a complete understanding as to the distribution of the places among the parties.

Section 18 of the Act says that appointments shall be made without reference to party affiliations and solely with reference to the fitness of the persons.

CAPT. ALFRED DREYFUS.

The French Prisoner On Devil's Island to be Taken Back to Paris.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

KINGSTON, JA., June 2.—Advices received here from Cayenne, capital of French Guiana, say that all preparations have been made for transferring former Captain Alfred Dreyfus, imprisoned on Devil's Island, to the charge of officers from Paris, who are said to be coming on board the French steamer La Fayette, which, it is alleged, will take the prisoner direct from Devil's Island on her return voyage to France. The advices add that Dreyfus has been in the enjoyment of good spirits since he was notified that he was to be taken back to France for the purpose of undergoing a new trial.

WARM WIRELETS.

Johann Strauss, the famous Austrian composer, now in his 74th year, is believed to be dying, in Vienna.

The Paris *Petit Republique* has a report that Lieutenant Colonel du Paty Clam, arrested and sent to Cherche Mid prison for forgery, has attempted suicide in prison.

McCullough, of Birmingham, Ala., received the decision in his fight with Corcoran in Savannah, last night. Corcoran fouled him in the twelfth round. Honors were about even. The purse was $500.

George Dixon, champion feather weight, again proved his superiority in his class as a pugilist. After fighting 25 very fast rounds with Joe Bernstein, last night, before the New Broadway Club, he was awarded the decision.

The special grand jury at Griffin, Ga., called to investigate the Laborers Union Band of whitecaps who recently beat and terrorized negro mill hands, has returned indictments against five men, all white. A special term of court will meet Monday to try the men indicted.

John Tice, of Atlanta, Ga., visiting his son, Henry Tice, clerk of the Southern Hotel in Mobile, Ala., committed suicide with poison on receipt of news of the death of his wife in Atlanta. The news of his wife's illness reached him too late to permit of his going to her bedside.

Apprentices in machine shops of the Central of Georgia railroad, complained that a negro had been put to work along with them and requested that he be removed and a white man put in his place. They declared they would not work on an equality with a negro. The superintendent discharged seventeen of them in a body.

Names of Litigants.

In an old Indiana case a man named Shallcross undertook to live up to his name by running an unlawful ferry, but the decision of the court said to him, "You shall not cross."

The name of an adopted citizen of the Chickasaw Nation, whose adoption was canceled and who was thereupon expelled, was Run Hannah.

A California woman who said in her will, "I have no fear of the hereafter; O my Lord, teach me to live right, then in dying there is no sting," bore the prophetic Christian name of Euthanasia.

The name Dr. Physick, which might be looked for in some allegory, appears as the name of a real person in a recent law report.

Some peculiarly suggestive combinations of names in the titles of cases are these: People versus Kaiser, Priest versus Lackey, Kick versus Merry, Protected Home Circle versus Winter, Grant versus Lookout Mountain Company.

In reminiscences of the early Minnesota bar Judge Charles E. Flandrau tells in the Minnesota Law Journal of an argument before the supreme court in 1858 by ex-Chief Justice Goodrich on behalf of an Indian convicted of murder. The Indian's name was Zu-aiza, but as the counsel could not pronounce it he always referred to him in his argument as "my client, Ahasuerus."—Case and Comment.

Not "Member of Congress."

"Beg pardon, ma'am," said the Washington hotel clerk, "but what do you mean by those letters, 'M. C.,' after your name?"

"Mothers' Congress, sir," replied the majestic matron who had just registered.—Chicago Tribune.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

One Female Pointer for sale. Good hunter and a No. 1 retriever. Also, five Pups, three male and two female. Write J. H. Newbury, Magnolia, N. C. je 3 2t

Rock Salt, Hay, Grain, fresh-ground Meal, Hominy, and all kinds of mixed Feed. John S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Telephones No. 92. my 28 tf

Bananas, Oranges, Lemons, Confections and an extra quality of Up-country Butter just received. All at low prices. A. S. Winstead. my 27 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 4 tf

The Main Point in this advertisement is to let my friends know I am still here, serving them to the best of my ability in selling their products, and giving them the best Groceries at lowest prices. T. D. Love, 24 North Water street. my 27 tf

For Best Prices ship your Lambs, Beef Cattle and all kinds of produce to M. C. Benson, Commission Merchant, 106 Dock street. ap 16 tf

Turpentine Still and Fixtures complete. For sale low. The Worth Co. apr 7 tf

Photographic Notice—I will be out of the city for a while. Reserve your orders for me. Special inducement when I come. U. C. Ellis, Photographer. ma 26 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skilful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 26 tf

For Sale—At Burgaw, in good order, one 15 horse-power Engine and Boiler, one 50 saw Cotton Gin, one Brooks Press. Apply to The Worth Co. fe 28 tf

Consign Your Chickens, Eggs, Pork, Beef Potatoes, Apples, Cabbage, Onions, field Peas, Peanuts, Corn, Bacon, Butter, or anything else you may have in the produce line to R. B. Moore, for prompt returns. No. 5 Dock street, Wilmington N. C. oc 30 tf

J. W. NORWOOD, President. LEE H. BATTLE, Cashier.

Atlantic National Bank,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

With resources of over $1,000,000 we guarantee safety.

Our large facilities afford every accommodation.

Loans made daily give promptness.

A desire to please ensure courteous attention.

With these facts before you we ask for your business.

Safety Deposit Boxes for rent.

apr 30 tf

For any kind of GOOD SHOES Call on Us.

We can generally suit even the most fastidious customer.

Be sure and see the "JENNESS MILLER" at $3.50

Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 2.00

Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 2.50

Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 2.00

These are the BEST SHOES MADE, at the prices, for Ladies' wear.

The W. L. Douglass Gent's Fine Shoes are Beauties." Try them also.

Fresh supplies constantly arriving.

MERCER & EVANS.

apr 16 tf

Kainit.

Seed Oats, all Kinds.

Seed Potatoes.

GENERAL STOCK

GROCERIES.

At Wholesale.

McNAIR & PEARSALL

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MAXTON BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,

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WM. H. BERNARD, Wilmington

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The attention of investors in Wilmington called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share.

Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B HARKER, Secretary jan 1 tf

MILLING CORN.

1200 bushels White Corn.
715 bushels Mixed Corn
425 bales Best Hay.
275 bales No. 2 Hay.
340 bushels Oats.
200 bags Wheat Bran.
115 boxes D. S. Sides.
40 boxes Plates.
25 cases Shoulders.
10 boxes Fancy Lemons.
300 bags Va. Meal.
450 bags City Meal.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer,
Wilmington, N. C.
je 1 tf

RACKET STORE.

Our last week's Advertisement brought buyers to the old VonGlahn Shoe Store

who paid their cash and went away convinced that they had got in the SHOES purchased a dollar's worth of leather for every 33⅓ cents they spent.

BEAR IN MIND

that the chance to buy a FIRST-CLASS SHOE for a FOURTH-CLASS price, is not going to last forever, for the stock is selling faster and faster each day, and will soon be gone, and then you will have to wait until we can buy another Shoe house out at 25c on the dollar, before we can offer you the same bargain that we offer you now.

The most stylish and best qualities of this stock is the part that is left, because the cheaper grades sold fast and furious, and we had no chance to show the finest goods. We are going to sell this week a lot of Ladies' Fine Shoes in Black and Tan, from $1.00 to $2.00 that have been selling from $3.00 to $5.00. These are fine, stylish, up-to-date goods, whose quality and appearance will convince you quicker than our words.

In Gent's Low-Quarter Shoes, both Black and Tan, we have that for which every one is seeking—"Something for almost nothing"—a $2.00 Shoe for 90 cents.

Ladies and Misses Slippers at prices that will make you buy, and make you sorry when you have bought that you did not buy more.

You want Shoes, we want dollars, and we are going to have your's or some-one-else's, for the live bargains we offer are bound to gather the coin.

GEO. O. GAYLORD, Prop.,
MARKET STREET NEAR FRONT.
my 28 tf

GALVANIZED AND BRASS

Hardware for Seashore Cottages.

Wire Screen Doors and Windows.

A Complete line Fishing Tackle.

White Mountain Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Ice Picks, Water Coolers, &c.

The Largest Hardware and House Furnishing Line.

A fully equipped Tin Shop. Anything in Tin or Sheet Metal manufactured or repaired.

Roofing and Repairing of Roofs and Range Work a Specialty.

OWEN F. LOVE & CO.,
NEXT TO POSTOFFICE.
my 11 tf

ELIZABETH COLLEGE

A HIGH GRADE INSTITUTION FOR YOUNG LADIES.
MUSIC & ART SPECIALTIES.

A refined environment and a kind welcome await you. We have modern conveniences for your greatest comfort. Our building is handsome and elegantly furnished. More, it is fire-proof. Cost of plant, $100,000.00.

STUDENTS ATTEND THEIR OWN CHURCH.

A school in the Southland in which every teacher is university bred; or from a celebrated American, German or English conservatory. You may elect degree course, group or branch.

In Western N. C., famous for its fine climate. In the suburbs of a charming and healthful city, altitude 760 ft. A beautiful site of 20 acres. Rates from $250 to $400. For illustrated catalogue address REV. C. B. KING, President, Charlotte, North Carolina.

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White Silk Parasols... $1.00

Also, full stock of all colors Silk Parasols with large ruffle, $1.48. $3.00 grades, all colors, $2.25. Pretty assortment of Children's Parasols, 15c to 98c. Bargains in Embroideries and Laces. Grandest stock of Piques, 10c to 35c. 25c Organdies and Dimities, 15c. Wash Silks, 25c. Hammocks all prices. Ladies' Bleached Vests, 5c and upward. Dr. Raub's Egg White Soap. Bargains in Shirt Waists and Skirts.

Mattings & Window Shades.

Fair quality Fancy Seamless Matting, 10c. Heavier grades at 12½, 15 and 18c. 25c pretty Cotton Warp Matting, 19c. Window Shades on Springs, 14c and upwards. Bargains in Shoes and Slippers, Hats, Clothing, Belt Buckles, Beauty Pins, at

J. H. REHDER & CO.,
NEAR FOURTH STREET BRIDGE.
Car fare paid on purchases of $2.00 and over. my 28 tf

SPECIAL LINEN SALE THIS WEEK AT The C. W. Polvogt Co.

No. 9 North Front street.

Our Linen Department comes to the front every now and then with some surprising offerings. Below you will note prices that will out class any Bargain we have attempted for a long time.

TABLE DAMASK.

58 inch Bleached German Linen, our 59c regular value, special for this sale 49c per yard.

62-inch Bleached Table Damask, our 65c regular value, special for this sale 50c per yard.

72-inch extra fine quality Bleached Table Linen, our 90c regular value, special for this sale only 75c per yard.

72-inch extra fine quality Bleached Table Linen, our $1.35 regular price, special for this sale only $1.15 per yard.

SPECIAL! Short lengths, in 2 yards and 2½ yards lengths, our 75c regular price, special for this sale only 60c per yard.

TOWELS, TOWELS.

We have 100 dozen Four Leaf Clover Towels, 20 x 40 inches, we offer this week at 10c each See window display.

All Linen Huck Towels, 17 x 32 inches, special prices for this sale 10c each.

All Linen Huck Towels, 18 x 36 inches, special prices for this sale 12½c.

Extra large Huck Towels, 21 x 42 inches, a regular 35c value, special for this sale on y 22c each.

Extra size and quality Huck, Hemstitched Towels, 20 x 40 inches, our regular 35c goods, special for this sale only 27c.

Our 20c Black Damask Towel, extra fine quality, special for this sale only 15c.

New Belt Buckles just received.
Sole Agents for W. B. Corsets and Standard Patterns.

my 21 tf **THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.**

SUITS to MEASURE

Those in need of a Summer Suit will do well to inspect our imported and Domestic Suitings and Trouserings before buying. We can give you a fit and style which you cannot get elsewhere.

Negligee Shirts, Collars, Cuffs, Handkerchiefs, Half Hose, Underwear, Neckwear, Night Robes and Pajamas.

Furnishing Goods of every description.

M. H. CURRAN,
my 28 tf 107 Princess street.

Flour! Flour!

1,500 Barrels Flour.
1,600 2nd Hand Machine Casks.
2,000 Bushels Good Milling Corn
1,000 Kegs Nails.
40,000 Lbs. Rib Sides.
2,000 Lbs. West'n Smoked Sh'ld's
75,000 Lbs. Hoop Iron.

Can meet any competition. Get my prices.

D. L. GORE,
WHOLESALE GROCER.
my 28 tf Wilmington, N. C.

The Necessity For Medicines

furnishes its own reminder, but we would like to suggest in passing, that when any such unfortunate need occurs there is no place in town where it can be supplied with more promptness, skill, accuracy, or with a higher class of drugs and chemicals than at our place.

JAS. D. NUTT,
Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist.
my 30 tf Wilmington, N. C